User's Manual

NEW Model UT551 **Digital Indicating Controller User's Manual for Single-loop Control** Installation

IM 05D01C04-01E

YOKOGAWA 🔶

Yokogawa Electric Corporation

This manual describes installation, wiring, and other tasks required to make the controller ready for operation.

Contents

1. Safety Precautions

- 2. Model and Suffix Codes
- 3. How to Install
- 4. How to Connect Wires 5. Hardware Specifications
- 6. Terminal Wiring Diagrams

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the UT551 digital indicating controller.

The controller is shipped from the factory with 6 hardcopy user's manuals (A2 and A3 size) and 1 user's manual on CD-ROM. The 6 user's manuals in hardcopy format describe the operating procedures required for basic use (factory-set to single-loop control mode). It is recommended that you refer to these user's manuals to understand [1] installation, [2] initial settings, and [3] operating procedures of the controller.

The CD-ROM contains an User's Manual (Reference) with descriptions of various functions and setting ranges that can be set as necessary. The manual also contains information on operations used to carry out control other than single-loop control. Moreover, the use of an optional parameter setting tool (Model: LL100-E10) allows you to easily perform settings and adjustments with a PC.

How to Use the Manuals

Purpose	Manual Title	Description	Media
Setup	Installation	Describes the tasks (installation, wiring, and others) required to make the controller ready for operations.	A2-size paper back and from
Basic operation	Initial Settings	Describes examples of setting PV input types, control output types, and alarm types. Making settings described herein allows you to carry out basic control.	A2-size paper back and from
Operating procedures and troubleshooting	Operations	Describes key operation sequences. For operation control through external contact inputs, see the back of Installation User's Manual.	A2-size paper back and from
Brief operation	Parameter Map	Contains the parameter map used as a guideline for setting parameters.	A2-size paper back and fron
Function description and setpoint recording	Parameters	Briefly describes the functions of parameters. In addition, each parameter table has a User Setting column, where you can record your setpoints when setting them in the controller.	A2-size paper back and from
Basic operation of Active Color PV Display	Setting / Explanation of Active Color PV Display	Describes the setting/explanation of Active Color PV Display.	A3-size paper back and from
Detailed description of functions	User's Manual (Reference)	Explains more advanced applications than those found in the 6 hardcopy user's manuals (A2 and A3 size).	CD-ROM

1. Safety Precautions

The following symbol is indicated on the controller to ensure safe use.

CAUTION

This symbol on the controller indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the user's manual in order to avoid the risk of injury or death of personnel or damage to the instrument. The manual describes how the operator should exercise special care to avoid electric shock or other dangers that may result in injury or loss of life.

The following symbols are used in the hardcopy user's manuals and in the user's manual supplied on the CD-ROM. NOTE

Indicates that operating the hardware or software in a particular manner may damage it or result in a system failure.

IMPORTANT

Draws attention to information that is essential for understanding the operation and/or features of the controller.

Exemption from Responsibility

Make sure that all of the precautions are strictly adhered to. Yokogawa Electric Corporation assumes no liability for any damage resulting from use of the instrument in contradiction to the precautions

Also, Yokogawa Electric Corporation assumes no liability to any party for any loss or damage, direct or indirect, caused by the use or any unpredictable defect of the instrument

■ Regarding Protection, Safety, and Prohibition Against Unauthorized Modification

(1) In order to protect the product and the system controlled by it against damage and ensure its safe use, make certain that all of the instructions and precautions relating to safety contained in this document are strictly adhered to. Yokogawa does not guarantee safety if products are not handled according to these instructions. (2) Modification of the product is strictly prohibited.

2. Model and Suffix Codes

Model	Suffix Co	de Description
UT551		Digital indicating controller (provided with retransmission output and 15 VDC loop power supply as standard)
	-0	Standard type
_	-1	Position proportional type
Туре	-2	Heating/cooling type
	-3	Standard type (with 24 V DC loop power supply)
	-4	Position proportional type (with 24 V DC loop power supply)
	0	None
Optional functions 1		With communication, auxiliary analog (remote) input, 6 additional DIs and 4 additional DOs
		With communication, auxiliary analog (remote) input, and 1 additional DI
	3	With 5 additional DIs and 4 additional DOs
	4	With auxiliary analog (remote) input and 1 additional DI

Check that the following items are provided:

- Digital indicating controller (of ordered model): Brackets (mounting hardware): ... 1 pair
- Unit label: ..
- User's Manuals for Single-loop Control: 5 (A2 size) • User's Manuals "Setting/Explanation of Active Color PV Display":1 (A3 size)
- User's Manual (Reference) (CD-ROM Version):

Correspondence between the Model and Suffix Codes, and the Contact Input/ Output Terminals Provided

Check the model ordered and the presence/absence of contact inputs and outputs in the following table.

										🗸 ind	licate tl	hat the	contact	ts are a	vailabl
Model and Suffix			Con	tact inp	ut term	inals				C	Contact	output	termina	ls	
Codes	DI1	DI2	DI3	DI4	DI5	DI6	DI7	DI8	DO1	DO2	DO3	DO4	DO5	DO6	DO7
UT551-🗆 0	1	1							1	1	1				
UT551-🗆 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
UT551-🗆 2	1	1						1	1	1	1				
UT551-🛛 3	1	1	✓	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1
UT551-🛛 4	1	1						1	1	1	1				

Note: For details on the functions of contact inputs/outputs, see "Terminal Wiring Diagrams" on the back of the manual.

3. How to Install

NOTE

1st Edition: Mar. 25, 2005

- To install the controller, select a location where: (1) no one may accidentally touch the terminals
- (2) mechanical vibrations are minimal,
- (3) corrosive gas is minimal,
- (4) temperature can be maintained at about 23°C and the fluctuation is minimal, (5) no direct radiant heat is present,
- (6) no magnetic disturbances are caused. (7) no wind blows against the terminal board (reference junction compensation
- element)

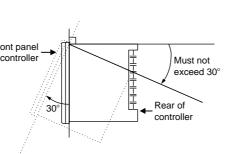
(8) no water is splashed, (9) no flammable materials are around,

Never place the controller directly on flammable items or equipment.

If the controller has to be installed close to flammable items or equipment, be sure to provide shielding panels all around the controller, at least 150mm away from every side; the panels should be made of either 1.43mm-thick metal-plated steel plates or 1.6mm-thick uncoated steel plates.

Installation Position

Install the controller at an angle within 30° from horizontal with the front panel facing upward. Do not install it facing Front panel _ downward. The position of right and left sides should be hori- of controller zontal



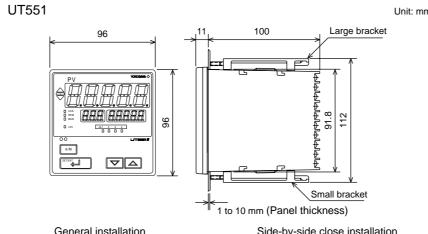
150mm

/150mr

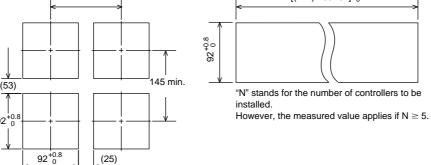
150mm

External Dimensions and Panel Cutout Dimensions

117 min.



Side-by-side close installation [(N-1)×96+92]^{+0.8}









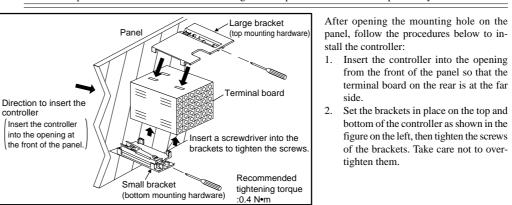
Targe For UT

- For standard signal, burnout is determined to have occurred if it is 0.1 V or less Input bias current: 0.05 µA (for TC or RTD b-terminal) • Measurement current (RTD): About 0.13 mA
- Input resistance: $1 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more for thermocouple or mV input About 1 M Ω for DC voltage input • Allowable signal source resistance: 250 Ω or less for
- thermocouple or mV input
- Effects of signal source resistance: 0.1 μ V/ Ω or less 2 k Ω or less for DC voltage input
- Effects of signal source resistance: About $0.01\%/100 \ \Omega$ · Allowable wiring resistance: for RTD input Maximum 150 Ω /wire: Conductor resistance between three wires should be equal
- However, 10 Ω /wire for a maximum range of -150.0 to 150.0°C. Wire resistance effect: $\pm 0.1^{\circ}C/10 \Omega$ • Allowable input voltage: ± 10 V DC for thermocouple, mV, or
- RTD input ± 20 V DC for DC voltage input
- Noise rejection ratio: 40 dB (50/60 Hz) or more in normal mode 120 dB (50/60 Hz) or more in common mode • Reference junction compensation error: ±1.0°C (15 to 35°C)
- $\pm 1.5^{\circ}C$ (0 to 15°C, 35 to 50°C)
- · Applicable standards: JIS, IEC, DIN (ITS-90) for thermocouples and RTD

CAUTION

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Turn off the power to the controller before installing it on the panel because there is a possibility of electric shock



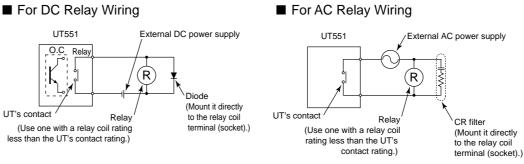
4. How to Connect Wires

CAUTION

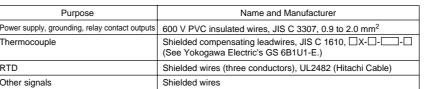
- 1) Before carrying out wiring, turn off the power to the controller and check that the cables to be connected are not alive with a tester or the like because there is a possibility of electric shock. 2) For the protection and safe use of the controller, be sure to place a circuit breaker (conforms with IEC60947,
- 5A, 100V or 220V AC) near the controller where the breaker can easily be operated. In addition, be sure to indicate that it is the instrument to cut the power supply of the controller Wiring must be carried out by personnel who have basic electrical knowledge and practical experience.

NOTE

- 1) Provide power from a single-phase instrument power supply. If there is a lot of noise in the power line, insert an insulating transformer into the primary side of the line and use a line filter (recommended part: ZAC2205-00U from TDK) on the secondary side
- As a countermeasures against noise, do not place the primary and secondary power cables close to each other. 2) For thermocouple input, use shielded compensating lead wires for wiring. For RTD input, use shielded wires that have low conductor resistance and cause no significant differences in resistance between the three wires. The cables to be used for wiring, terminal specifications, and recommended parts are as shown below. 3) Control output relays may be replaced. However, because they have a life of 100,000 times that of the resis-
- tance load, use auxiliary relays to turn on/off a load. 4) The use of inductance (L) loads such as auxiliary relays, motors and solenoid valves causes malfunction or
- relay failure; always insert a CR filter for use with alternating current or a diode for use with direct current, as a spark-removal surge suppression circuit, into the line in parallel with the load.
- 5) When there is possibility of being struck by external lightening surge, use the arrester to protect the instrument.



Cable Specifications and Recommended Cables



Remote Input Signals

Number of inputs: 1 (terminals @-@)

Sampling period: 100, 200 and 500 ms

Input resistance: About 1 MΩ

Loop Power Supply

loop power supply)

Power is supplied to a

Available only for controllers with remote input terminal

a remote input signal lengthens to 100 ms.

• Input type: Settable in a range of 0-2, 0-10, 0.4-2.0, or 1-5 V DC

with the PV input's sampling period. If the PV input's

• Input accuracy: ±0.3% ±1 digit of input span for 0 to 2 V DC

 $\pm 0.375\% \pm 1$ digit of input span for 0.4 to 2.0 V DC

Under standard operating conditions ($23\pm2^{\circ}$ C, $55\pm10\%$

±0.2% ±1 digit of input span for 0 to 10 V DC

 $\pm 0.3\% \pm 1$ digit of input span for 1 to 5 V DC

Provided for position proportional type only (terminals (5-(6-(7))

• Slide resistance value: 100 Ω to 2.5 k Ω of overall resistance

(15 V DC: terminals (4)-(5); 24 V DC: terminals (4)-(4))

and transmitter converts a current signal into a voltage

signal, which is then read via the PV input terminal.

A resistor (10 to 250 Ω) connected between the controller

Supply voltage: 14.5 to 18.0 V DC, max. 21 mA (provided

with a protection circuit against a field short-circuit); 21.6

to 28.0 V DC, max. 30 mA (only for models with 24 V DC

(burnout detection for sliding wire provided)

Measuring resolution: ±0.1% of overall resistance

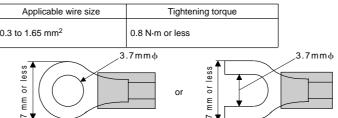
RH, power frequency of 50/60 Hz)

Feedback Resistance Input

The sampling period of a remote input signal is associated

sampling period is 50 ms, however, the sampling period of

Recommended Terminal Lugs



Terminal Covers (Optional parts)

get Model Part Number Sales Unit [551] T9115YD 1			
7551 T9115YD 1	get Model	Part Number	Sales Unit
	ľ551	T9115YD	1

5. Hardware Specifications

PV Input Signals

- Number of inputs: 1 (terminals (1)-(1)-(3)) · Input type: Universal input system. The input type can be
- selected with the software. · Sampling period: Can be selected from 50, 100, 200 and 500 ms.
- Burnout detection: TC, RTD, standard signal
 - Functions at 0.4 to 2 V or 1 to 5 V Upscale, downscale, and off can be specified.

Retransmission Output Either PV, target setpoint, or cont ntrol output is outpu

Either the retransmission output or the 15V DC loop power supply can be used with terminals 4-15. Number of outputs: 1 or 2 (terminals (a)-(b), terminals (a)-(b))
Output signal: 4-20, 0-20, 20-4, or 20-0 mA DC (where,

- outputting signal levels of less than 0 mA is not feasible) Load resistance: 600 Ω or less • Output accuracy: ±0.1% of span (±5% of span for 1 mA or
- less.) under standard operating conditions (23 \pm 2°C, 55 $\pm 10\%$ RH, power frequency of 50/60 Hz)

Control Output

- Universal output system, The output type can be selected with the software Relay contact output(s) for the position proportional type Current output
- (Standard type: terminals (6-17); heating-side output

terminars w	terminais (0-(0), coomig-side output. terminais (0-(0))					
Number of outputs	1 or 2 (two for heating/cooling type), switched between a voltage pulse output and current output.					
Output signal	4-20, 0-20, 20-4, or 20-0 mA DC					
Load resistance	600 Ω or less					
Output accuracy	\pm 0.1% of span (\pm 5% of span for 1 mA or less) Under standard operating conditions (23 \pm 2°C, 55 \pm 10% RH. power frequency of 50/60 Hz)					

Voltage pulse output

(Standard type: terminals 6-17); heating-side output terminals (6-17), cooling-side output: terminals (6-47)

Number of outputs 1 or 2 (two for heating/cooling type), switched between a voltage pulse output and current outpu Dutput signal On-voltage = 12 V or more (load resistance: 600 Ω or more Off-voltage = 0.1 V DC or less 10 ms or 0.1% of output, whichever is large

· Relay contact output

(Standard type: terminals 1)-2)-3), heating-side output terminals 1-2-3, cooling-side output: terminals -9-(5), position proportional type: terminals (8)-(9)-(5))

umber of outputs 1 or 2 points (two for heating/cooling type) Output signal Three terminals (NC, NO, and common) Contact rating 250 V AC or 30 V DC, 3 A (resistance load) Resolution 10 ms or 0.1% of output, whichever is larger

Contact Inputs

- Purpose: Target setpoint selection, remote/local mode switching, and run/stop switching Number of inputs: Differs with model and suffix codes as shown in the table below.
- Model and Suffix Codes Number of Inputs UT551-

· Input type: Non-voltage contact or transistor open collector input Input contact rating: 12 V DC, 10 mA or more

- · On/off determination: For non-voltage contact input, contact resistance of 1 k Ω or less is determined as "on" and contact resistance of 20 k Ω or more as "off." For transistor open collector input, input voltage of 2 V or
- less is determined as "on" and leakage current must not exceed 100 µA when "off." Minimum status detection hold time: PV input's sampling
- period ×3

Contact Outputs

Purpose: Alarm output, FAIL output, and others
Number of outputs: Differs with the model and suffix code as shown in the table below

Model and Suffix Codes	Number of Outputs
UT551-🔲0	3
UT551-🛛 1	7
UT551-🛛 2	3
UT551-🛛 3	7
UT551-🛛 4	3

• Relay contact rating: 240 V AC, 1 A, or 30 V DC, 1 A • Transistor contact rating: 24 V DC, 50 mA

Display Specifications

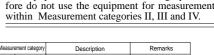
- 5-digit, 7-segment, red LEDs, character height of 20 mm
- Setpoint display: 3-digit and 5-digit, 7-segment, red LEDs, character height of 9.3 mm
- · Status indicating lamps: LEDs

CAUTION

Safety and EMC Standards

- · Safety: Complies with IEC/EN61010-1 (CE), approved by C22.2 No.61010-1, approved by UL508. Installation category : CAT. II Pollution degree : 2 (IEC/ EN61010-1, C22.2 No.61010-1) Measurement category : I (CAT. I : IEC/EN61010-1) Rated measurement input voltage : 10V DC max.(across terminals), 300V AC max.(across ground) Rated transient overvoltage : 1500V (Note) Note : It is a value on the safety standard which is assumed
- by IEC/EN61010-1 in Measurement category I, and is not the value which guarantees an apparatus performance.

This equipment has Measurement category I, there-



I	CAT. I	For measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to MAINS.	
Π	CAT. II	For measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation.	Appliances, portable equipments, etc.
Π	CAT. II	For measurements performed in the building installation.	Distribution board, circuit breaker, etc.
IV	CAT.Ⅳ		Overhead wire, cable systems, etc.

• EMC standards: Complies with EN61326, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 and EN55011 (CE). AS/NZS 2064 compliant (C-Tick). Class A Group 1. The instrument continues to operate at a measuring accuracy of

within $\pm 20\%$ of the range during tests.

Construction, Installation. and Wiring

- Construction: Dust-proof and drip-proof front panel confe to IP55. For side-by-side close installation the controller loses its
- dust-proof and drip-proof protection. Material: ABS resin and polycarbonate
- · Case color: Black Weight: About 1 kg or less
- Dimensions: 96 (W) \times 96 (H) \times 100 (depth from panel face)
- · Installation: Panel-mounting type. With top and bottom mounting hardware (1 each) • Panel cutout dimensions: $92^{+0.8}_{-0}$ (W) \times $92^{+0.8}_{-0}$ (H) mm
- Installation position: Up to 30° upward facing (not designed for facing downward)
- Wiring: M3.5 screw terminals (for signal wiring and power, ground wiring as well)

Power Supply Specifications

- Power supply: Rated voltage of 100 to 240 V AC (±10%), 50/60 Hz
- Power consumption: Max. 20 VA (8.0 W max.) Internal fuse rating: 250 V AC, 1.6A time-lug fuse
- · Data backup: Non-volatile memory (can be written to up to 100.000 times)
- · Withstanding voltage Between primary terminals* and secondary terminals** At least 1500 V AC for 1 minute
 - Between primary terminals* and grounding terminal At least 1500 V AC for 1 minute
 - Between grounding terminal and secondary terminals** At least 1500 V AC for 1 minute
 - Between secondary terminals At least 500 V AC for 1 minute
 - * Primary terminals indicate power terminals and relay output terminals
- ** Secondary terminals indicate analog I/O signal, voltage pulse output, and contact input terminals Insulation resistance: 20 M\Omega or more at 500 V DC between
- power terminals and grounding terminal + Grounding: Class D grounding (grounding resistance: $100 \ \Omega$ or below)

Signal Isolations

circuit.

internal circuit.

internal circuit.

and internal circuit.

and internal circuit.

circuit.

internal circuit.

Normal operating condition

close installation)

less

Magnetic field: 400 A/m or less

Shock: 147 m/s² or less, 11 ms

Temperature: -25 to 70°C

range)

whichever is larger

Transportation and storage conditions:

Temperature change rate: 20°C/h or less

· Effects of changes in operating conditions

of F.S./°C, whichever is larger

- Effects from changes in ambient temperature

- On remote input, ±0.02% of F.S./°C

- On analog output, $\pm 0.05\%$ of F.S./°C or less

- Effects from power supply fluctuation (within rated voltage

- On analog output, ±0.05% of F.S./ 10 V or less

- On analog input, $\pm 1~\mu V/10$ V or $\pm 0.01\%$ of F.S./10 V,

IM 05D01C04-01E (1)

and internal circuit.

Environmental Conditions

Temperature change rate: 10°C/h or less

terminals and internal circuit.

- · PV input terminals: Isolated from other input/output terminals Not isolated from the internal circuit. · Remote input terminals: Isolated from other input/output
- terminals and the internal circuit • 15 V DC loop power supply terminals: Not isolated from analog

· Analog current output terminals (for control output and

current output nor voltage pulse control output. Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal circuit. • 24 V DC loop power supply terminals: Isolated from 4-20 mA analog output, other input/output terminals and the inter-

nission): Not isolated between current outputs nor

from 15 V DC loop power supply and voltage pulse control

output. Isolated from other input/output terminals and

· Voltage pulse control output terminals: Not isolated from current

Relay contact control output terminals: Isolated between contact

other input/output terminals and internal circuit.

Contact input terminals: Not isolated between contact input

other input/output terminals and internal circuit.

· Relay contact output terminals: Not isolated between relay

· Transistor contact output terminals: Not isolated between

· RS-485 communication terminals: Not isolated from contact

· Feedback slide resistance input terminals: Not isolated from

outputs and 15 V DC loop power supply. Isolated from

output terminals and from other input/output terminals and

terminals and from communication terminals. Isolated from

contact outputs. Isolated from other input/output terminals

transistor contact outputs. Isolated from other input/output

input terminals. Isolated from other input/output terminals

analog current output terminals (control, retransmission), 15 V

loop power supply, and voltage pulse control outputs.

Isolated from other input/output terminals and internal

· Power terminals: Isolated from other input/output terminals and

Grounding terminals: Isolated from other input/output terminals

Ambient temperature: 0 to 50°C (40°C or less for side-by-side

Ambient humidity: 20 to 90% RH (no condensation allowed)

Continuous vibration at 5 to 14 Hz: Full amplitude of 1.2 mm or

Continuous vibration at 14 to 150 Hz: 4.9 m/s² or less

Short-period vibration: 14.7 m/s², 15 seconds or less

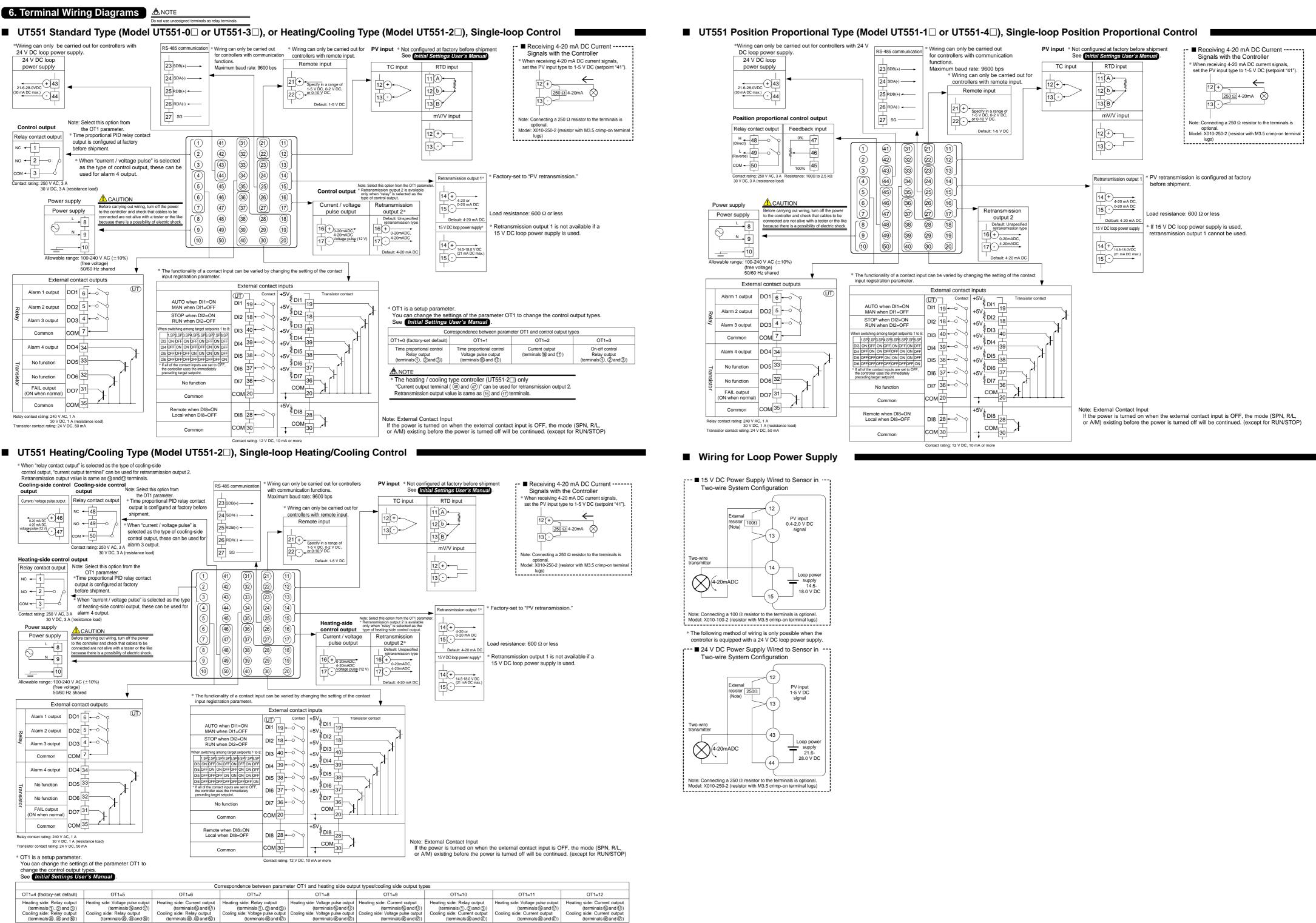
Warm-up time: 30 minutes or more after power on

Humidity: 5 to 95% RH (no condensation allowed)

Installation height: Height above sea level of 2000 m or less

On voltage or thermocouple input, $\pm 1 \ \mu V/^{\circ}C$ or $\pm 0.01\%$

- On RTD input, $\pm 0.05^{\circ}$ C /°C (ambient temperature) or less



The types of control output, "relay output" and "voltage pulse output" shown in the table above refer to those of time proportional control. To change to a relay output for on-off control, select "Relay Terminals" and change the setpoint of the proportional band to "0."

NEW User's Model UT551 **Digital Indicating Controller** Manual **User's Manual for Single-loop Control** Initial Settings

IM 05D01C04-02E

1st Edition: Mar. 25, 2005

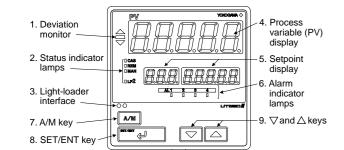
YOKOGAWA 🔶 Yokogawa Electric Corporation

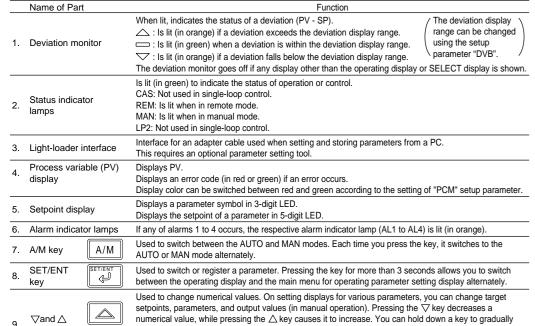
This manual describes examples of setting PV input types, control output types, and alarm types. Carrying out settings described herein allows you to perform basic control. Refer to examples of various settings to understand how to set parameters required. Refer to Parameter Map User's Manual for an easy to understand explanation of setting various parameters. If you cannot remember how to carry out an operation during setting, press the method is key for more than 3 seconds. This brings you to the display (operating display) that appears at power-on.

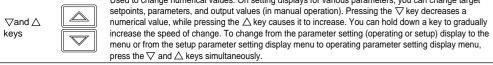
Contents

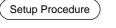
- 1. Names and Functions of Front Panel Parts
- 2. Setting PV Input Type (Setting First at Power-on)
- 3. Changing PV Input Type
- 4. Setting Control Output Type (Except for a Position Proportional Controller)
- 5. Calibrating Valve Position (for a Position Proportional Controller Only) 6. Initializing Parameters
- 7. Changing Alarm Type
- 8. Description of Multiple Setpoints and PID

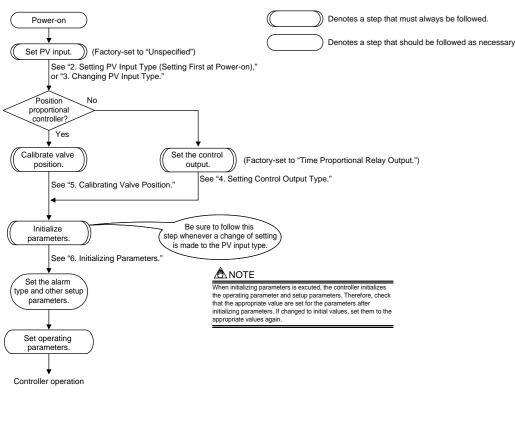
1. Names and Functions of Front Panel Parts











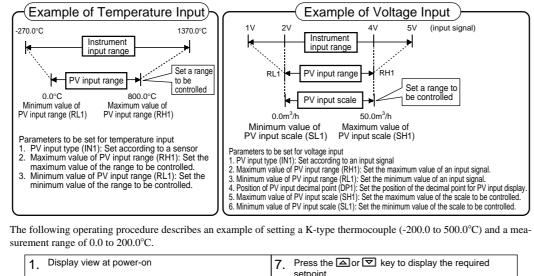
Setting of Main Parameters at the Factory before Shipment

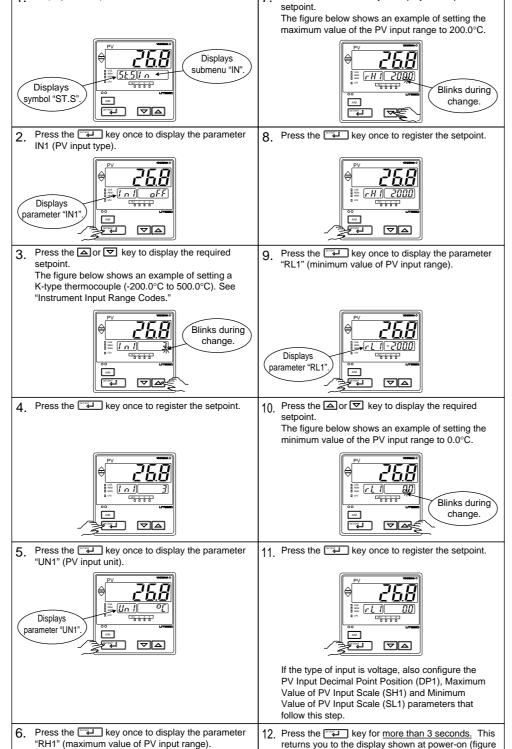
Item	Factory-shipped values for standard type controllers Factory-shipped values for heating/cooling type controllers		Factory-shipped values for position proportional type controllers			
Remote input signal (only for controllers with remote inputs)	1 to 5 V DC (variable)					
Control output	Time proportional PID Heating side: Time proportional PID relay output (variable) relay output (variable) Cooling side: Time proportional PID relay output (variable) Relay output		Relay output (fixed)			
Control action	Reverse action (variable) Not specified					
PID parameter	P = 5.0%, I = 240 seconds, D = 60 seconds.					
Alarm output	Alarm-1: PV high limit, Alarm-2: PV low limit, Alarm-3: PV high limit, Alarm-4: PV low limit					

2. Setting PV Input Type (Setting First at Power-on)

NOTE

- The controller displays an operating display when the power is turned on. The submenu "IN" appears at this point if the type of PV input has not been defined yet. In this case, first press the result was not been defined yet. the parameter "IN1" for the PV input type, and use the key to display the input range code to use, then press the first key to register it. Then, set the maximum value (RH1) and minimum value (RL1) of the PV input range (for voltage input, set the maximum value (SH1) and minimum value (SL1) of the PV input scale). See the operating procedure below for more details.
- The controller is configured to the default of each parameter at the factory before shipment. First check these defaults listed in **Parameters User's Manual**, and change their values if necessary.





below)

Displays target setpoint-1

"1.SP".

'68

ZT ⊽△

Display

parameter "RH

258

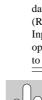
ZU ⊽A The PV display in the figure above shows the error code for input burnout (bollt) if PV input wiring is not vet complete. The error code disappears when you wire the PV input terminals correctly.

Displays PV.











Ranges	;







DC voltage



■ Instrument Input Range Codes

			↓ Se	elect the unit from the UNIT parameter.		
out	Туре	Instrument Input Range Code	Instrument Input Range	Measurement Accuracy		
cified		OFF	Set the data item PV Input Type "IN1" to the OFF option to leave the PV type undefined.			
		1	-270.0 to 1370.0°C -450.0 to 2500.0°F			
	к	2	-270.0 to 1000.0°C -450.0 to 2300.0°F	$\pm 0.1\%$ of instrument range ± 1 digit at 0°C or more		
		3	-200.0 to 500.0°C -200.0 to 1000.0°F	$\pm 0.2\% \pm 1$ digit for temperatures below 0°C, where the accuracy is: $\pm 2\%$ of instrument range ± 1		
	J	4	-200.0 to 1200.0°C -300.0 to 2300.0°F	digit for temperatures below -200.0°C for a type-K thermocouple, or \pm 1% of instrument range \pm 1 digit for		
	т	5	-270.0 to 400.0°C -450.0 to 750.0°F	temperatures below -200.0°C for a type-T thermocouple		
	Т	6	0.0 to 400.0°C -200.0 to 750.0°F			
	в	7	0.0 to 1800.0°C 32 to 3300°F	$\pm 0.15\%$ of instrument range ± 1 digit at 400°C or more $\pm 5\%$ of instrument range ± 1 digit at less than 400°C		
	s	8	0.0 to 1700.0°C 32 to 3100°F	$\pm 0.15\%$ of instrument range ± 1 digit		
	R	9	0.0 to 1700.0°C 32 to 3100°F			
ocouple	N	10	-200.0 to 1300.0°C -300.0 to 2400.0°F	$\pm 0.1\%$ of instrument range ± 1 digit $\pm 0.25\%$ of instrument range ± 1 digit for temperatures below 0°C		
	E	11	-270.0 to 1000.0°C -450.0 to 1800.0°F			
	L(DIN)	12	-200.0 to 900.0°C -300.0 to 1600.0°F	\pm 0.1% of instrument range \pm 1 digit at 0°C or more \pm 0.2% \pm 1 digit for temperatures below 0°C, where the		
	U(DIN)	13	-200.0 to 400.0°C -300.0 to 750.0°F	accuracy is:±1.5% of instrument range ±1 digit for temperatures below -200.0°C for a type-E thermocouple		
	-()	14	0.0 to 400.0°C -200.0 to 1000.0°F			
	w	15	0.0 to 2300.0°C 32 to 4200°F	\pm 0.2% of instrument range \pm 1 digit		
	Platinel 2	16	0.0 to 1390.0°C 32.0 to 2500.0°F	\pm 0.1% of instrument range \pm 1 digit		
	PR20-40	17	0.0 to 1900.0°C 32 to 3400°F	$\pm 0.5\%$ of instrument range ± 1 digit at 800°C or more No accuracy is guaranteed at less than 800°C		
	W97Re3- W75Re25	18	0.0 to 2000.0°C 32 to 3600°F	$\pm 0.2\%$ of instrument range ± 1 digit		
	IP+100	30	-200.0 to 500.0°C -300.0 to 1000.0°F	\pm 0.1% of instrument range \pm 1 digit (Note1) (Note2)		
JPt100 Pt100	JFTIOO	31	-150.00 to 150.00°C -200.0 to 300.0°F	$\pm 0.2\%$ of instrument range ± 1 digit (Note1)		
		35	-200.0 to 850.0°C -300.0 to 1560.0°F	±0.1% of instrument range ±1 digit (Note1) (Note2)		
	Pt100	36	-200.0 to 500.0°C -300.0 to 1000.0°F			
		37	-150.00 to 150.00°C -200.0 to 300.0°F	±0.2% of instrument range ±1 digit (Note1)		
rd	0.4 to 2 V	40	0.400 to 2.000 V	4		
	1 to 5 V	41	1.000 to 5.000 V	$\pm 0.1\%$ of instrument range ± 1 digit		
	0 to 2 V	50	0.000 to 2.000 V	Display range is scalable in a range of -19999 to 30000.		
ane	0 to 10 V	51	0.00 to 10.00 V	Display span is 30000 or less.		
tage	-10 to 20 mV	55	-10.00 to 20.00 mV			
	0 to 100 mV	56	0.0 to 100.0 mV			

* Performance in the standard operating conditions (at 23±2°C, 55±10%RH, and 50/60 Hz power frequency)

Note1: The accuracy is $\pm 0.3^{\circ}$ C of instrument range ± 1 digit for a temperature range from 0° C to 100° C

Note2: The accuracy is $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ C of instrument range ± 1 digit for a temperature range from -100°C to 200°C. * To receive a 4-20 mA DC signal, select a standard signal of 1 to 5 V DC and connect it to a 250Ω resistor. This resistor is optional. Model: X010-250-2 (resistor with M3.5 crimp-on terminal lugs)

NOTE

The controller may automatically initialize the registered operating parameter setpoints if any change is made to the data item PV Input Type (IN1), Maximum Value of PV Input Range (RH1), Minimum Value of PV Input Range (RL1), PV Input Decimal Point Position (DP1), Maximum Value of PV Input Scale (SH1) or Minimum Value of PV Input Scale (SL1). After a change has been made to any of these data items, be sure to verify the registered operating parameter setpoints to ensure that they are correct. If any data item has been changed to its default, set it to a required value.

How to return to a menu

Simultaneously press both the \bigtriangledown and \bigtriangleup keys once during parameter setting. This lets you return to the parameter menu.

Selectable for PV Input

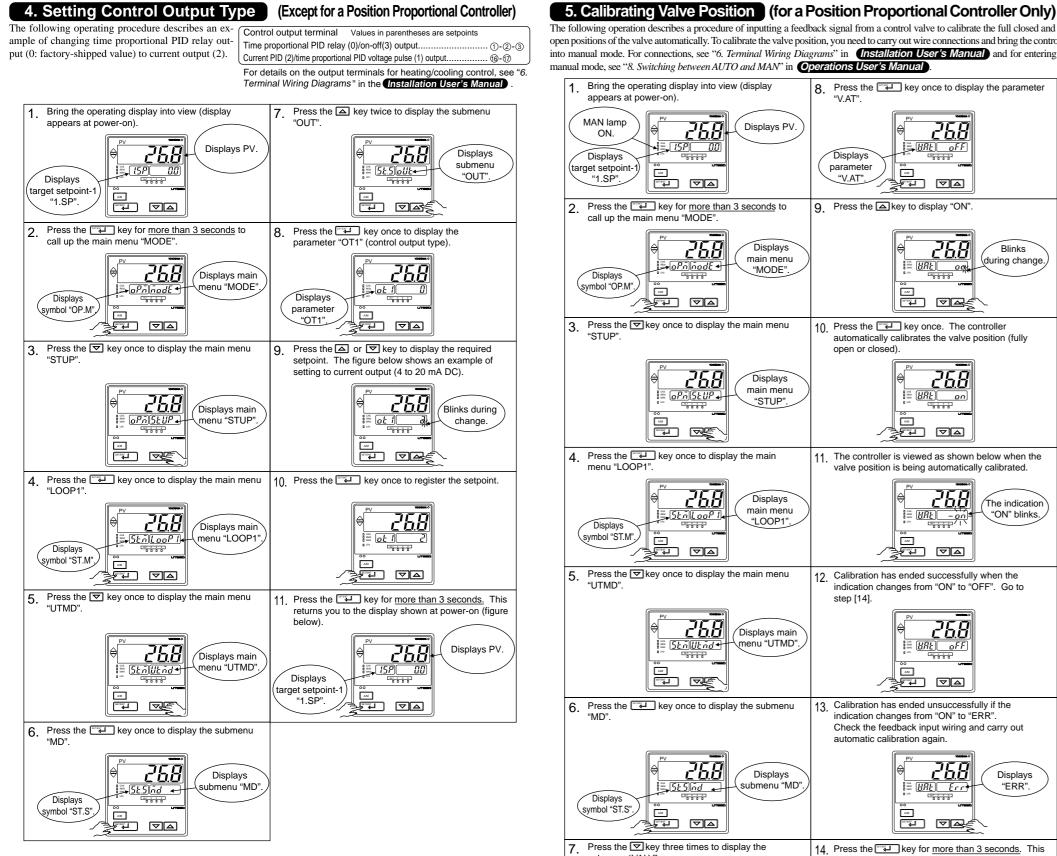
couple	1 to18
)	30, 31, 35 to 37
e(mV,V)	40, 41, 50, 51, 55, 56

Ranges Selectable for Remote Input

DC voltage(V) 40, 41, 50, 51

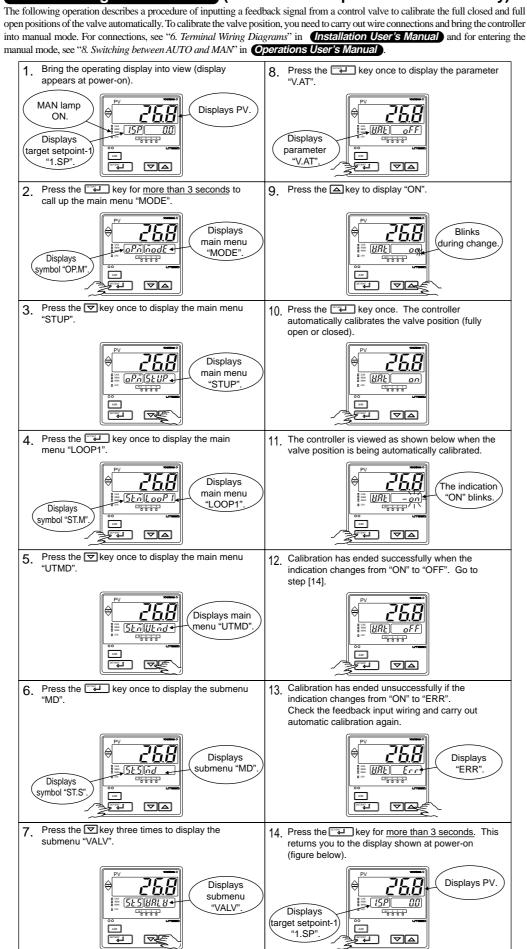
3 Changing PV Input Type

setting of K-type thermocouple (-200.0 to 500.0°C) to R 0.0 to 500.0°C) and a measurement range of 0.0 to 200.0	
	1
1. Bring the operating display into view (display appears at power-on).	10. Press the we once to register the setpoint.
Displays target setpoint-1 "1.SP".	
 Press the vertical key for more than 3 seconds to call up the main menu "MODE". 	11. Press the real key once to display the parameter "UN1".
	<i>€ 258</i>
Displays	
symbol "OP.M".	parameter "UN1".
3. Press the 🔽 key once to display the main menu	12. Press the very ence to display the parameter
"STUP".	"RH1" (maximum value of PV input range).
	€ ~~25 8
time <u>oPn 5Ł UP</u> menu [®] STUP".	
	parameter "RH1".
4. Press the 🖅 key once to display the main menu	13. Press the or key to display the required
"LOOP1".	setpoint. The figure below shows an example of setting the maximum value of the PV input range to
	200.0°C.
Displays main	 € 258
Displays	Blinks during
symbol "ST.M"	change.
5. Press the key once to display the main menu	14. Press the Every once to register the setpoint.
"UTMD".	
Displays main Bin St of Ult od + menu "UTMD".	
 Press the we key once to display the submenu "MD". 	15. Press the <i>key</i> once to display the parameter "RL1" (minimum value of PV input range).
Displays Submenu "MD".	
Displays symbol "ST.S".	Displays parameter "RL1".
 Press the key once to display the submenu "IN". 	 Press the △ or ▽ key to display the required setpoint. The figure below shows an example of
	setting the minimum value of the PV input range to 0.0°C.
	change.
8. Press the The key once to display the parameter	17 Press the ""+ key once to register the setpoint.
"IN1" (PV input type).	
€ <u></u> 26 <u>_8</u>	
	If the type of Input is voltage, also configure the PV Inpu Decimal Point Position (DP1), Maximum Value of PV Input Scale (SH1) and Minimum Value of PV Input Scal
	(SL1) parameters that follow this step.
9. Press the or key to display the required setpoint. The figure below shows an example of	 Press the wey for more than 3 seconds. This returns you to the display shown at power-on (figure
setting the PV input type to a Pt100 resistance temperature detector (-200.0°C to 500.0°C).	below).
	Displays PV.
1 <u>1</u>	
	Displays target setpoint-1 "1.SP".
T DAS	



List of Control Output Types

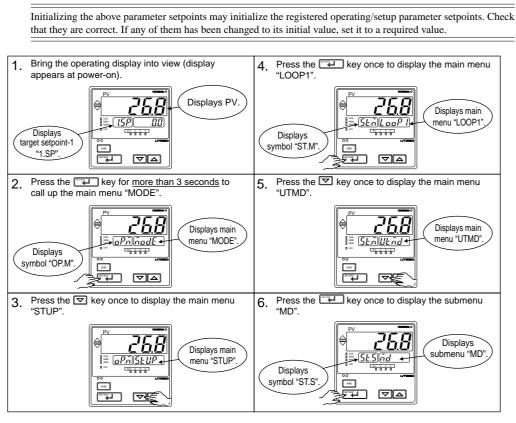
Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setpoint	Control Output Types
		0	Time proportional PID relay contact output (terminals ① - ② - ③)
		1	Time proportional PID voltage pulse output (terminals (6) - (7))
		2	Current output (terminals 6 - 10)
		3	On/off control relay contact output (terminals 1)- 2-3)
		4	bwing 4 to 12 are displayed only for heating/ cooling type controllers. Heating-side relay output (terminals ①-②-③), cooling-side relay output (terminals ֎-֎-
ULI	Control output type	5	Heating-side pulse output (terminals (6) - (7), cooling-side relay output (terminals (8) - (9) - (9)
(011)		6	Heating-side current output (terminals (6) - (7)), cooling-side relay output (terminals (4) - (4) - (4)
(-)			
(OT1) Control o		7	Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ⑥ - ④)
		7	
ζ- γ			Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ④ - ④)
(-)		8	Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ④ - ④) Heating-side pulse output (terminals ⑥ - ⑦), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ⑨ - ④) Heating-side current output (terminals ⑨ - ⑦), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ⑨ - ④)
		8	Heating-side relay output (terminals () - (2 - (3)), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ($\widehat{\otimes}$ - (\widehat{w})) Heating-side pulse output (terminals ($\widehat{\otimes}$ - (\widehat{w}), cooling-side pulse output (terminals ($\widehat{\otimes}$ - (\widehat{w}))

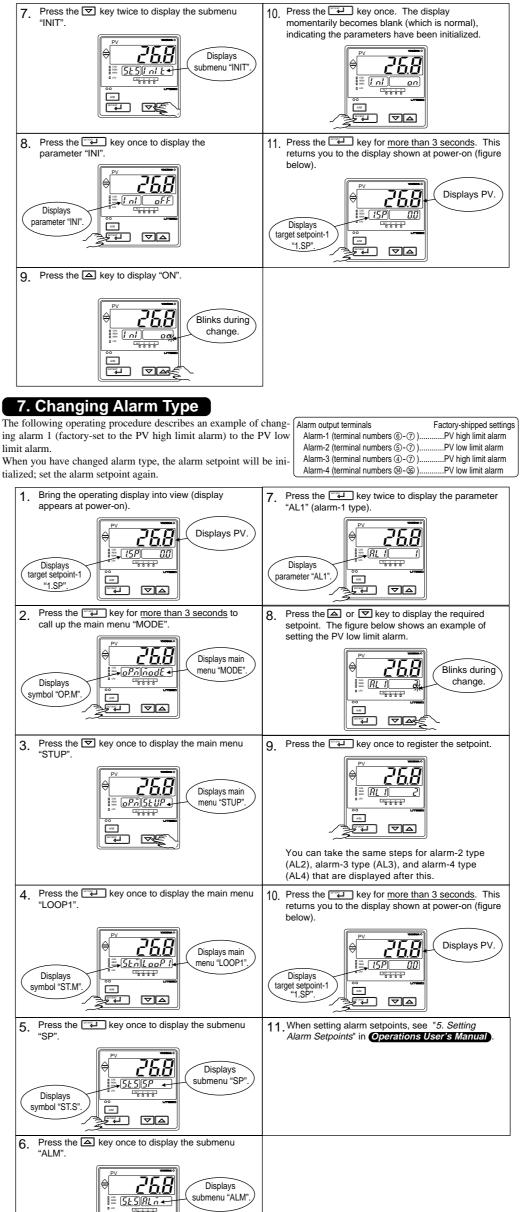


6. Initializing Parameters

Be sure to follow the steps below after a change of setting has been made to the data item PV Input Type, PV Input Range or PV Input Scale.

CAUTION





"1.SP".

limit alarm.

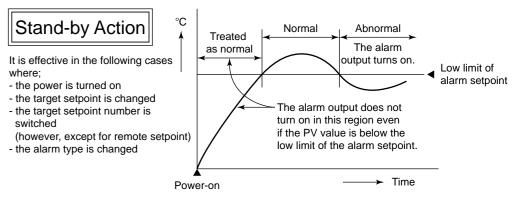
th stand-by	ow shows the alarm types and a odes 1 to 10 and 33 to 38 are not v actions.			and-by action	ns, while codes 11 to 20 and 43 t	o 48 are	provid
	Alarm action	Alarm ty	/pe code		Alarm action	Alarm ty	pe code
Alarm type	"Open/close" shows status of relay contact, and "lit" and "unlit" shows status of lamp	Contact closes opens if alarm occurs occurs		Alarm type	"Open/close" shows status of relay contact, and "lit" and "unlit" shows status of lamp	Contact closes if alarm occurs	Contac opens if alarn occurs
No alarm		0	FF		Hysteresis	/	
PV high limit	Open (unlit)	1		De-energized on deviation low limit alarm	Open (lit) Deviation		6 16
	PV Alarm setpoint	11	\bigvee	(Note 3)	setpoint SP	/	
PV low limit	Closed (lit)	2 12		Deviation high and low limits (Note 3)	Hysteresis Closed (ii) Deviation setpoint SP	7 17	
Deviation high limit (Note 3)	Hysteresis Open (unlit) ← Closed (lit) PV ↓ ← Deviation setpoint SP	3 13		Deviation within high and low limits (Note 3)	Hysteresis Closed Hysteresis Open (iii) Open (unlit) Deviation setpoint SP	8 18	
Deviation low limit (Note 3)	Hysteresis Closed (lit) Deviation setpoint SP	4 14		De-energized on PV high limit	Closed (unlit) PV Alarm setpoint		9 19
e-energized on	Closed Open (lit)		5	De-energized on	Hysteresis		10

	Alarm setpoint PV	12		(Note 3)	SP	17	
Deviation high limit (Note 3)	Hysteresis Open (unlit) PV SP Closed (lit) Deviation setpoint	3 13		Deviation within high and low limits (Note 3)	Hysteresis Closed Hysteresis Open (lit) Open (unlit) Deviation setpoint: PV SP	8 18	
Deviation low limit (Note 3)	Hysteresis Closed (lit) Deviation setpoint SP	4 14		De-energized on PV high limit	Closed (unlit) PV Alarm setpoint		9 19
De-energized on deviation high limit alarm (Note 3)	Closed (unlit) PV SP		5 15	De-energized on PV low limit	Hysteresis Open (lit) Alarm setpoint		10 20
	Upward (hour/minute)	21		Sensor grounding alarm	Sensor grounding alarm	25	
Timer function (conrol stability report event) (Alarm-1 only)	Downward (hour/minute)	22		Fault diagnosis output (Note1)	Fault diagnosis output	26	
	Upward (minute/second) Downward (minute/second)	23 24		FAIL output (Note2)	The controller stops when in a FAIL state. The control output is set to "OFF" or "0%" and the alarm output is set to "OFF".		27
SP high limit	Open (unit) SP Alarm setpoint	28		Output high limit	Open (unlit) Output value Alarm setpoint	30	
SP low limit	Hysteresis Closed (lit) Alarm setpoint SP	29		Output low limit	Hysteresis Closed (lit) Alarm setpoint Output value	31	
Deviation high limit for target setpoint (Note 3)	Hysteresis Open (unlit) PV Target SP	33 43		De-energized on deviation low limit alarm for target setpoint (Note 3)	Hysteresis Open (lit) Deviation setpoint Target SP		36 46
Deviation low limit for target setpoint (Note 3)	Hysteresis Closed (lit) Deviation setpoint Target SP	34 44		Deviation high and low limits for target setpoint (Note 3)	Hysteresis Closed (ii) Deviation setpoint Target SP	37 47	
De-energized on deviation high limit alarm for target setpoint (Note 3)	Closed (unlit) PV Target SP		35 45	Deviation within high and low limits for target setpoint (Note 3)	Hysteresis Open (lit) Open (unlit) Open (unlit) Open (unlit) Open (unlit) Open (unlit) Target SP	38 48	

Note 1: The fault diagnosis output turns on in case of input burnout, A/D converter failure, or reference junction compensation (RJC) failure. For input burnout or A/D converter failure, the control output is set to the setpoint of the Preset Output Value operating parameter (PO)

Note 2: The FAIL output is on during normal operation and turns off in case of failure

Note 3: The difference of alarm action between the alarm type codes 3 to 8, 13 to 18 and 33 to 38, 43 to 48 in the table above is as follows. The codes 3 to 8, 13 to 18 are effective for current setpoints. (For example, they are effective for the ramp rate setpoint at SP switching.) The codes 33 to 38, 43 to 48 are effective for target setpoints. (For example, they are not effective for the ramp rate setpoint at SP switching.)



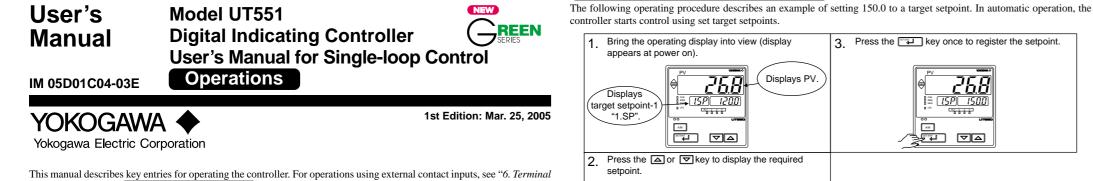
8. Description of Multiple Setpoints and PID

The UT551 has a maximum of eight target setpoints, and has PID for each of these setpoints. The following shows the correspondence between the target setpoint numbers (SPN), target setpoints (SP), and PID parameters. However, when the setup parameter ZON (zone PID selection parameter) = 0.

For example, if you have set "2" to the target setpoint number (SPN), the control parameters available are target setpoint (2.SP), proportional band (heating-side proportional band) (2.P), integral time (heating-side integral time) (2.I), derivative time (heating-side derivative time) (2.D), cooling-side proportional band (2.Pc), cooling-side integral time (2.Ic), and cooling-side derivative time (2.Dc). To use multiple target setpoints, see the table below to check the corresponding parar

1	o use muniple	target setpoin	is, see me	table below	to theth t	ne corresponding	parameters

Target setpoint	Target	PID parameter							
number (SPN)	setpoint (SP)	Proportional band (heating-side proportional band)	Integral time (heating-side integral time)	Derivative time (heating-side derivative time)	Cooling-side proportional band	Cooling-side integral time	Cooling-side derivative time		
SPN=1	1.SP	1.P	1.1	1.D	1.Pc	1.lc	1.Dc		
SPN=2	2.SP	2.P	2.1	2.D	2.Pc	2.lc	2.Dc		
SPN=3	3.SP	3.P	3.1	3.D	3.Pc	3.lc	3.Dc		
SPN=4	4.SP	4.P	4.1	4.D	4.Pc	4.lc	4.Dc		
SPN=5	5.SP	5.P	5.I	5.D	5.Pc	5.lc	5.Dc		
SPN=6	6.SP	6.P	6.I	6.D	6.Pc	6.lc	6.Dc		
SPN=7	7.SP	7.P	7.1	7.D	7.Pc	7.lc	7.Dc		
SPN=8	8.SP	8.P	8.1	8.D	8.Pc	8.lc	8.Dc		



2. Setting Target Setpoint (SP)

Wiring Diagrams" in Installation User's Manual. If you cannot remember how to carry out an operation during setting, press the *y* key for more than 3 seconds. This brings you to the display (operating display) that appears at power-on.

Contents

- 1. Monitoring-purpose Operating Displays Available during Operation
- 2. Setting Target Setpoint (SP) 3. Performing/Canceling Auto-tuning
- 4. Setting PID Manually
- 5. Setting Alarm Setpoints
- 6. Selecting Target Setpoint Numbers (SPN)
- 7. Switching between Run and Stop
- 8. Switching between AUTO and MAN
- 9. Manipulating Control Output during Manual Operation 10. Switching between Remote (REM) and Local (LCL)
- 11. Troubleshooting

1. Monitoring-purpose Operating Displays Available during Operation

The monitoring-purpose operating displays available during operation are roughly classified into two groups depending on the types of controller and control output. One group is operating displays for standard and position proportional controllers and the other group is operating displays for a heating/cooling controller.

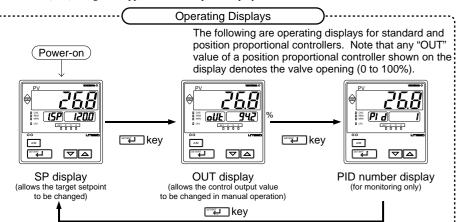
Operating Displays for Standard and Position Proportional Controllers

SP Display

- The PV input value appears on the PV display.
- The target setpoint (1.SP) appears on the Setpoint display. (can be changed)
- OUT Display
- The PV input value appears on the PV display.
- The control output value (OUT) appears on the Setpoint display. (can be changed in manual operation) When in position proportional control, the Setpoint display shows the valve opening (0% to 100%).

PID Number Display

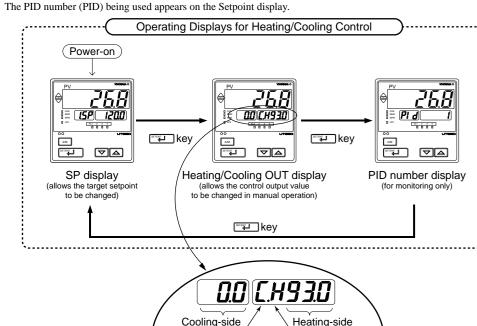
- The PV input value appears on the PV display.
- The PID number (PID) being used appears on the Setpoint display.



Operating Displays for a Heating/Cooling Controller

• SP Display

- The PV input value appears on the PV display.
- The target setpoint (1.SP) appears on the Setpoint display. (can be changed) • Heating/Cooling OUT Display
- The PV input value appears on the PV display.
- The heating and cooling sides control output value (C.H) appears on the Setpoint display. (can be changed in manual operation)
- PID Number Display
- The PV input value appears on the PV display.



output %

Symbol "C

represents the cooling-side

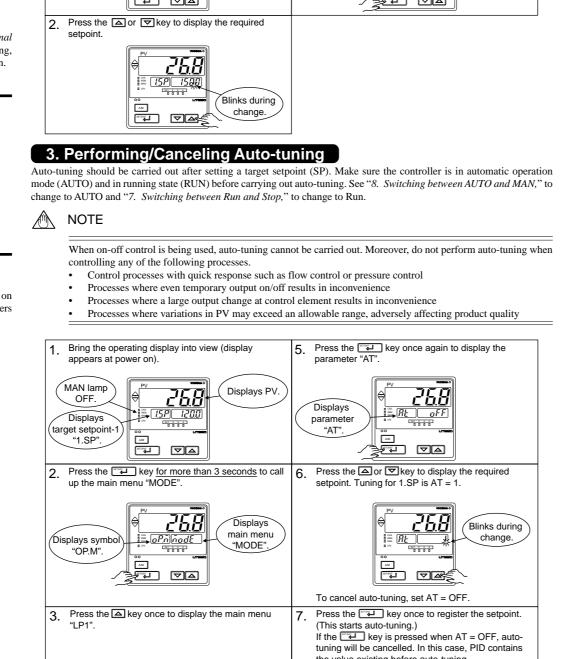
output

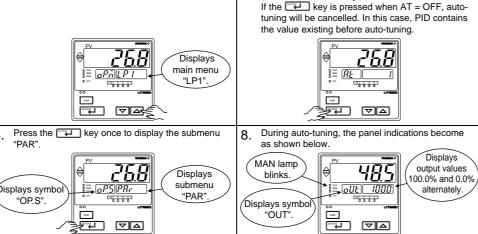
output % Symbol "H"

represents the

heating-side

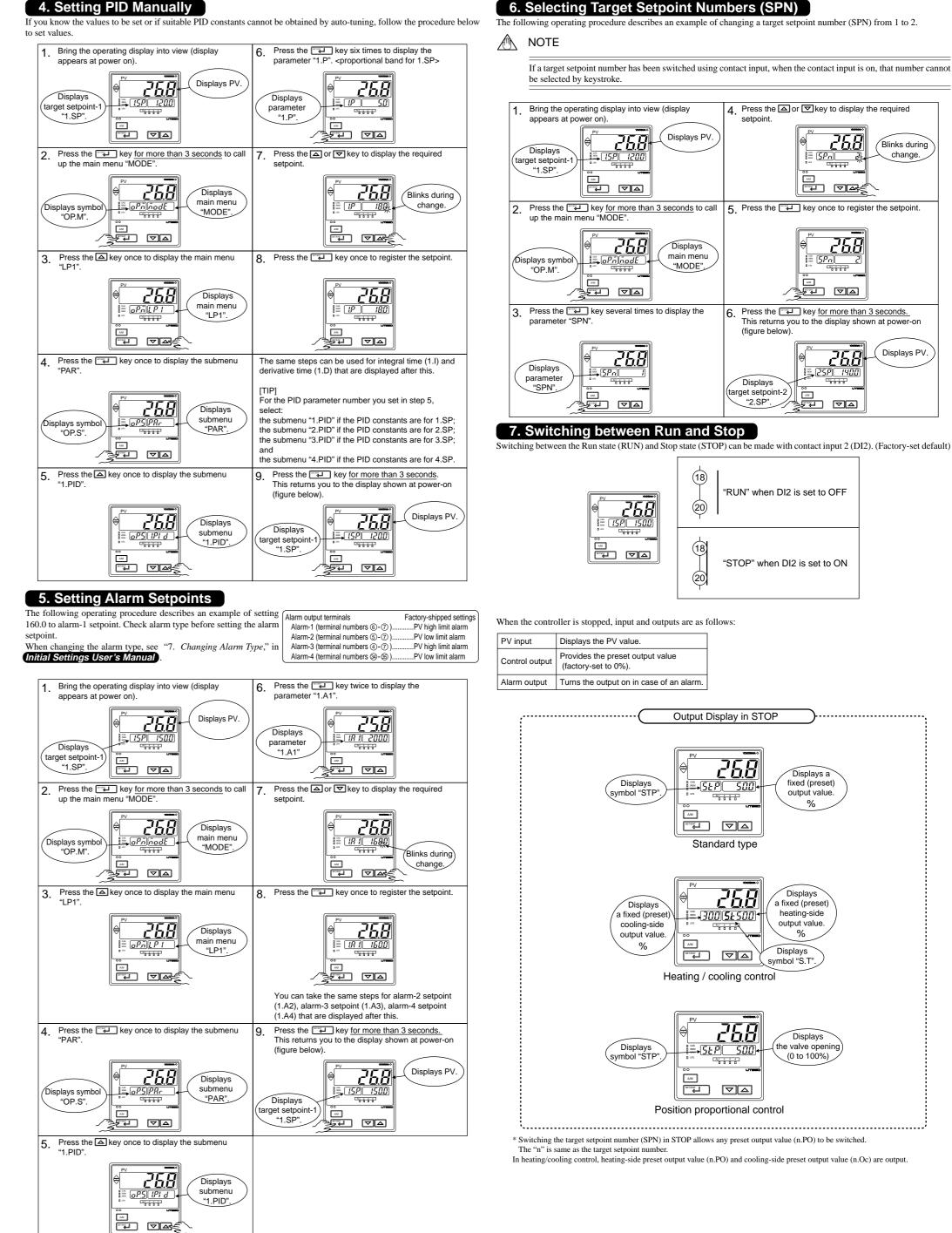
output





off.

Auto-tuning is complete when the MAN lamp goes

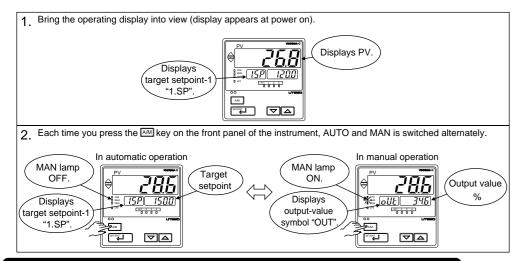


4. Setting PID Manually

8. Switching between AUTO and MAN

NOTE

If AUTO and MAN have been switched using contact input, when the contact input is ON, switching between AUTO and MAN cannot be achieved by keystroke.

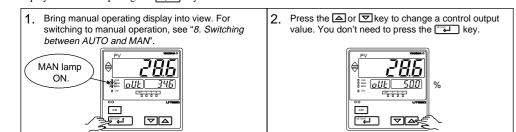


9. Manipulating Control Output during Manual Operation

NOTE

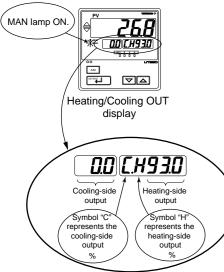
Control output cannot be changed if the controller is stopped. In this case, the preset output value (operating parameter PO) will be output. In heating / cooling control, the heating-side preset output value (operating parameter PO) and cooling-side preset output value (operating parameter Oc) will be output.

A control output value is linked with a display value changed using the 🔽 or 🖾 key. Note that the control output changes as displayed without requiring the require key.



Manipulating the Control Output during Heating/Cooling Control

Showing the Heating/Cooling OUT display.

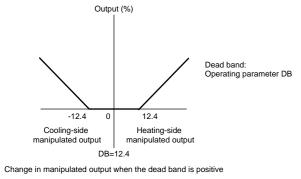


• Controller behavior and control output manipulation when the dead band is positive The following is an example when the DB parameter is set at 12.4%.

If you hold down the $rac{1}{2}$ key with the heating-side output under manipulation (i.e., cooling-side output C = 0.0%), the heating-side output (H =) decreases.

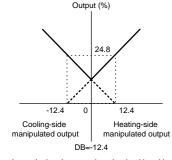
Consequently, both the heating-side and cooling-side outputs change to 0.0%. If you keep the 💌 key held down longer, you enter the state of manipulating the cooling-side output, and its value begins to increase.

Inversely, if you hold down the \square key with the cooling-side output under manipulation (i.e., heating-side output H = 0.0%), the cooling-side output (C =) decreases. Consequently, both the heating-side and cooling-side outputs go to 0.0%. If you keep the A key held down longer, you enter the state of manipulating the heating-side output, and its value begins to increase.



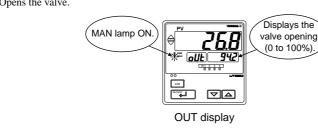
 Controller behavior and control output manipulation when the dead band is negative The following is an example when the DB parameter is set at -12.4%.

If you hold down the \bigtriangledown key with the heating-side output under manipulation (i.e., cooling-side output C = 0.0%), the heating-side output (H =) decreases. If the output H falls below 24.8%, the cooling-side output C begins to increase from 0.0%. If you keep the 🕞 key held down longer and the output C rises above 24.8%, the output H goes to 0.0% and you enter the state of manipulating the cooling-side output.



Manipulating the Control Output during Position Proportional Control

The controller continues to provide control output as long as the 🔽 or 🛆 key is being pressed. \bigtriangledown key : Closes the valve. key : Opens the valve.



Note : Manual output is not limited to output high limit(OH) and output low limit(OL).

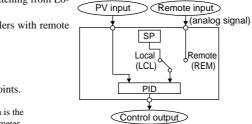
10. Switching between Remote (REM) and Local (LCL)

The following operating procedure describes an example of switching from L

cal (LCL) to Remote (REM). Switching between REM and LCL is possible for only controllers with remote

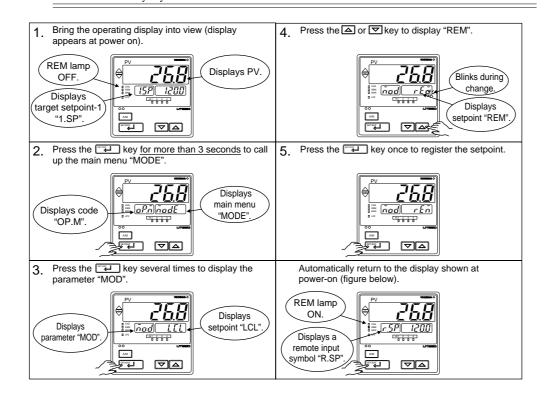
- input Local:
- Performs control using target setpoints set in the controller Remote
- Performs control using external analog signals as target setpoints.

Note: The PID group number when the controller is in Remote operation is the same as the number set in the Target Setpoint Number (SPN) parameter.



NOTE

If Remote state is achieved by external contact input (contact input is ON), switching between REM and LCL cannot be achieved by keystroke.



Error code (See descr

Bit No.

Bit No. Error Code

Error i (on PV (Displays "F PV alternat Decimal po in SP displa E 300 (E30

6.011 (B.C

OVI aller (OV -oHEr (-0

E200 (E20

Setpoint dis - -

Left end of unit blinks.

Decimal po

lights.

All indicatio

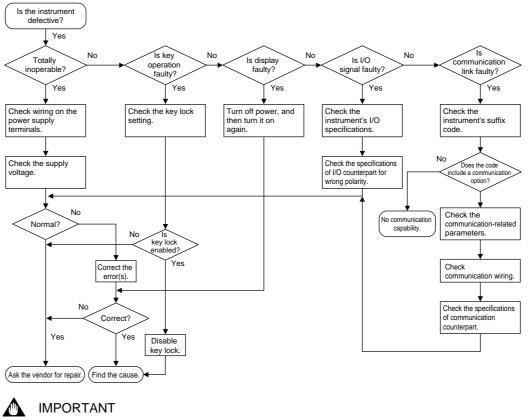
Change in manipulated output when the dead band is negative

11. Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting Flow

ninals

If the operating display does not appear after turning on the controller's power, follow the measures in the procedure below. If a problem appears complicated, contact our sales representative.



Take note of the parameter settings when asking the vendor for repair.

Errors at Power On

The following table shows errors that may be detected by the fault diagnosis function when the power is turned on.

Error indication (on PV display unit)	Description of error	PV	Control output	Alarm output	Retransmission output	Communication	Remedy
<i>E000</i> (E000)	Faulty RAM			055	00/		
EOO I (E001)	Faulty ROM	None	0% or less or OFF	OFF	OFF 0% or less		Faulty
E002 (E002)	System data error	Undefined		Undefined	Undefined		Faulty Contact us for repair.
PV decimal point blinks.	Faulty calibration value	Normal action (out of accuracy)	Normal action (out of accuracy)	Normal action (out of accuracy)	Normal action (out of accuracy)		
Error code (Note) (See description below.)	Parameter error	Normal action	0% or less or OFF	Normal action	Normal action	Normal action	Check and set the initialized parameters.

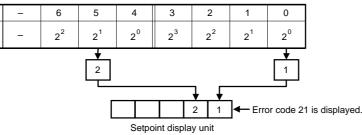
Note : An error code is displayed on the setpoint display unit.

An error code is displayed in the event of an error, according to its type.

An error code is a two-digit figure in which a combination of 6 bits of on and off is converted into a decimal number The following shows the relationship between each bit and parameter to be checked for abnormalit



For example, if an error occurs with the operating parameter and calibration data, the error code will be as follows



Possible Errors during Operation

The following shows possible errors occurring during operations.

wing shows po	ssible errors occ	urring during op	erations.							
r indication / display unit)	Description of error	PV	Control output	Alarm output	Retransmis- sion output	Commu- nication	Remedy			
'RJC" and ately	RJC error	Measured with RJC=OFF	Normal action							
ooint of item part blay unit blinks.	EEPROM error	Normal action	Normal action							Faulty Contact us for repair.
300)	ADC error	105%	In AUTO:							
.OUT)	PV burnout error	Dependent on the BSL parameter Up-scale: 105% Down-scale: -5%	Preset value output In MAN: Normal action		Normal action	Normal	Check wires and sensor.			
VER) or OVER)	Excessive PV Out of -5 to 105%	-5% or 105%	Normal action	Normal			Check process.			
200)	Auto-tuning failure (Time-out)		Action with PID existing before auto-tuning			Check process. Press any key to erase error indication.				
display	Feedback resistor breakdown	Normal action	Stopped		Stopped		Check the feedback resistor.			
of SP display S.	Faulty communication line		Normal action		Normal action		Check wires and communication parameters, and make resetting. Recovery at normal receipt			
point at right end	Runaway (due to defective power or noise)	Undefined	0% or less or OFF	OFF	0% or less	Stopped	Faulty if power off/on does not reset start the unit. Contact us for repair.			
ions off	Power off	None					Check for abnormal power.			

Remedies if Power Failure Occurs during Operations

The operation status and remedies after a power failure differ with the length of power failure time:

• Instantaneous power failure of 20 ms or less

A power failure is not detected. Normal operation continues • Power failure of about 2 seconds or less

The following show effects caused in "settings" and "operation status."

The following show encode caused in security, and operation status.						
Alarm action	Continues. Alarm with standby function will enter standby status.					
Setting parameter	Set contents of each parameter are retained.					
Auto-tuning	Cancelled.					
Control action	Action before power failure continues.					

• Power failure of more than about 2 seconds

A

The following sh	low effects cause	d in "settings"	' and "opera	tion status."

larm action	Continues. Ala	arm with standby function will enter standby status.							
Setting parameter	Set contents of	et contents of each parameter are retained.							
Auto-tuning	Canceled.	anceled.							
Control action	Differs with se	tting of setup parameter "R.MD"(restart mode).							
	R.MD setting	Control action after recovery from power failure							
	CONT	Continues action before power failure. (Factory-set default) For position-proportional type, when V.MD = Valve position estimating type, starts action from 0%.							
	MAN	Outputs preset output value (PO) as control output and continues action set before power failure in MAN mode. For position-proportional type, when V.MD = Valve position feedback type, starts action from feedback input condition at recovery from power failure. When V.MD = Valve position estimating type, starts action from 0%. For heating/cooling control, starts action from heating-side output value and cooling- side output value of 50% of control computation output.							
	AUTO	Outputs preset output value (PO) as control output and continues action set before power failure in AUTO mode. For position-proportional type, when V.MD = Valve position feedback type, starts action from feedback input condition at recovery from power failure. When V.MD = Valve position estimating type, starts action from 0%. For heating/cooling control, starts action from heating-side output value and cooling- side output value of 50% of control computation output.							

Troubleshooting When the Controller Fails to Operate Correctly

If your control tasks are not successful, check the preset parameters and controller wiring before concluding the controller to be defective. The following show some examples of troubleshooting you should refer to in order to avoid the possibility of other problems.

 The controller does not show the correct measured input (PV). • The UT551 controller has a universal input.

The type of PV input can be set/changed using the parameter "IN1". At this point, the controller must be wired correctly according to the selected type of PV input. Check the wiring first if the controller fails to show the correct PV value. To do this, refer to Initial Settings User's Manual With the parameters "RH1", "RL1", "DP1", "SH1" and "SL1", it is possible to scale the input signal and change its

number of decimal places. Also check that these parameters are configured correctly.

• The controller does not provide any control output or the control output does not change at all.

• The UT551 controller has a universal output.

The type of control output can be set/changed using the parameter "OT1".

At this point, the controller must be wired correctly according to the selected type of control output. Check the wiring first if the controller provides no control output. To do this, refer to "6. Terminal Wiring Diagrams," in Installation User's Manual

With the parameters "OH" and "OL", it is possible to set/change the high and low limits of control output. The control output may not change at all, however, because of restrictions on these parameters. Also check the restrictions on these parameters

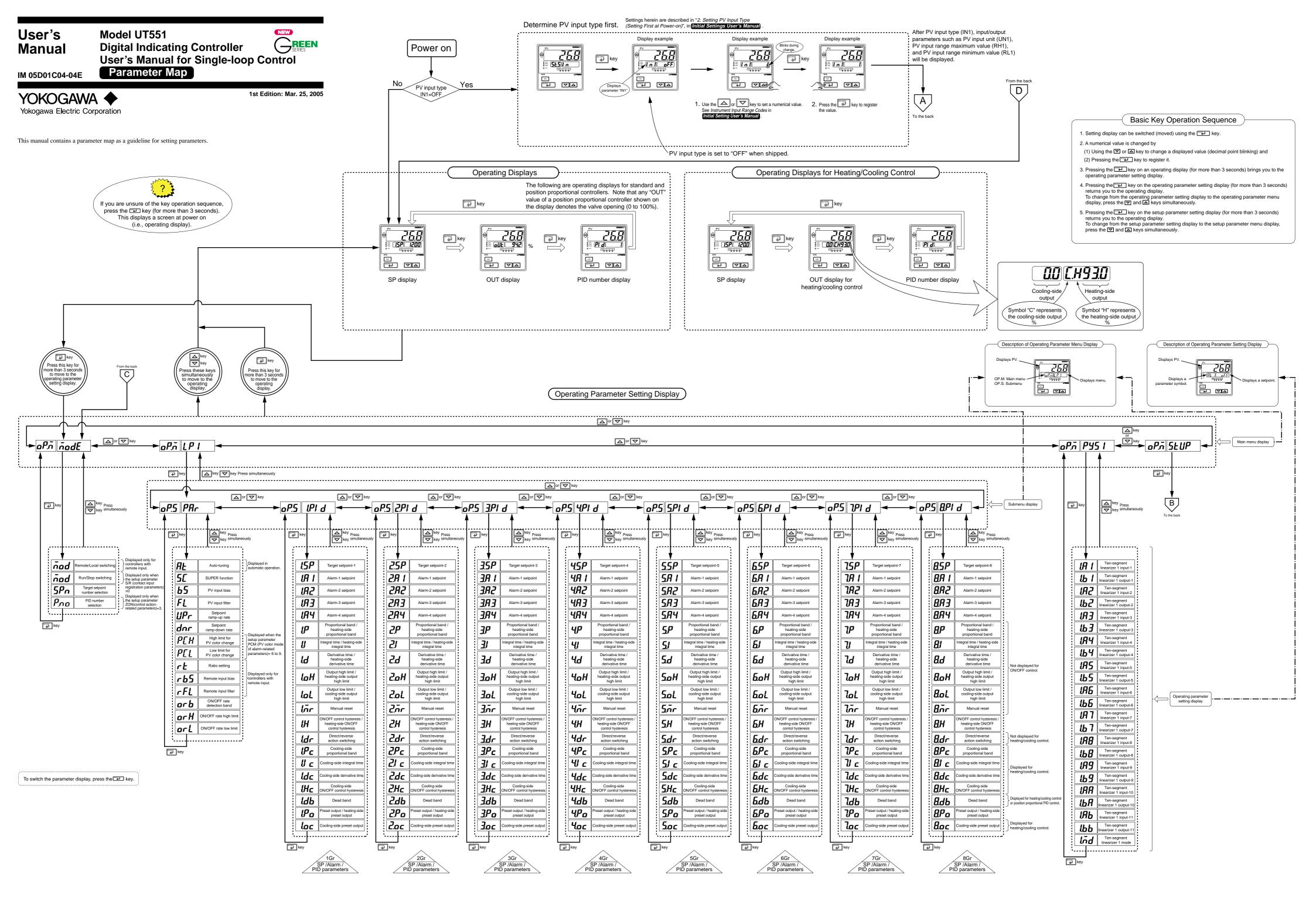
• The control output can only be changed when the controller is in the MAN mode.

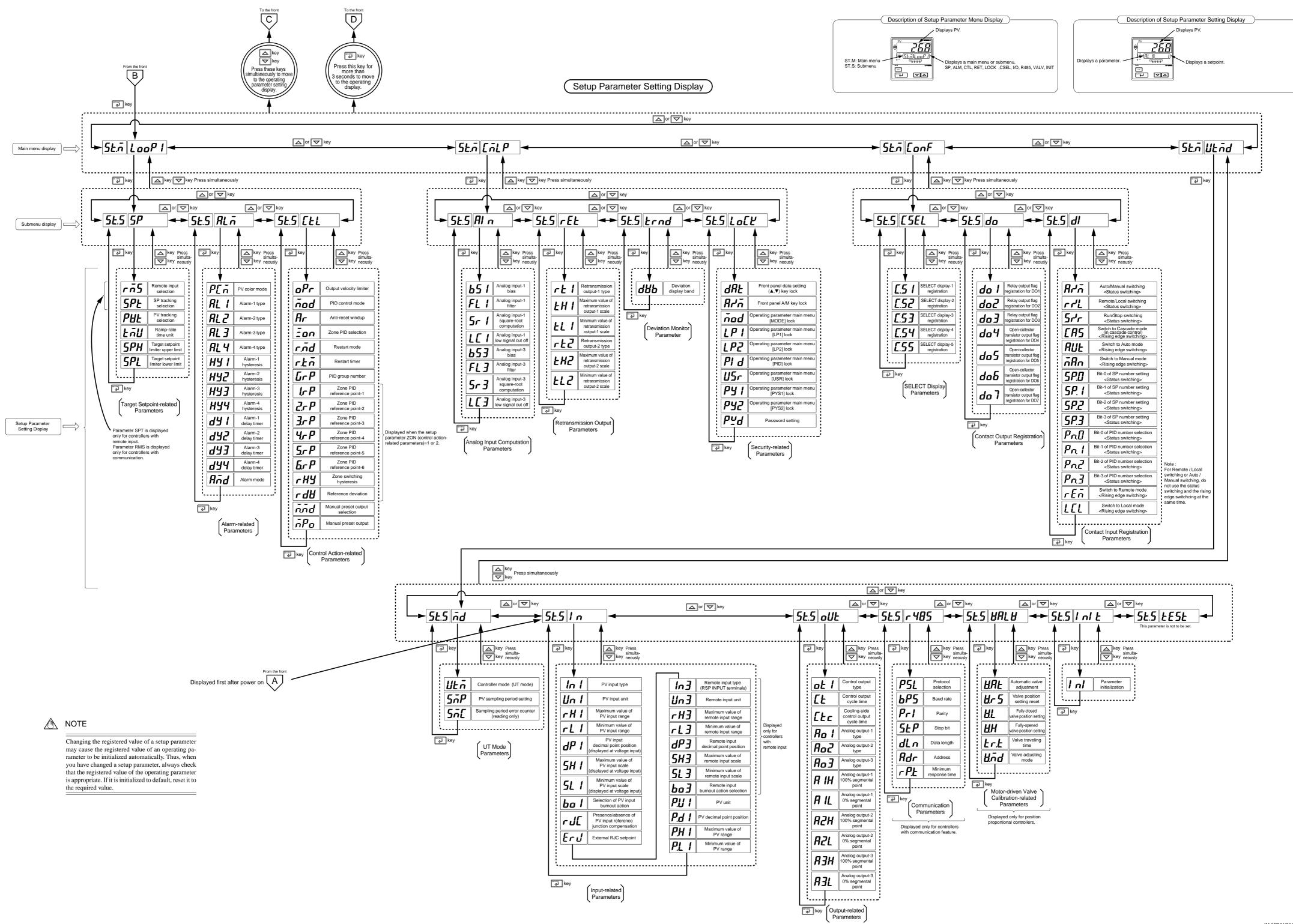
If the MAN lamp is off (i.e., the controller is in the AUTO mode), you cannot change the control output using key operation

• The control output does not change soon after the target setpoint (SP) has been changed.

• If this happens, check the setpoint of the parameter "MOD". In cases where fixed-point control is selected as the PID control mode (MOD = 1), tracking based on the I-term works to prevent the control output from changing suddenly even if the target setpoint SP is varied.

The control output therefore may appear to be working incorrectly at first; however it gradually adapts itself to the new target setpoint





User's Manual

Model UT551 NEW REEN **Digital Indicating Controller** User's Manual for Single-loop Control Parameters

The "User Setting" column in the table below is provided for the customer to record setpoints. ⁺ The column "Target Item in CD-ROM" in the table below provides references from User's Manual (Reference) (CD-ROM Version) which describes items in more detail and items that are not contained in this manual.

• Setpoint-, Alarm- and PID-related Parameters Located in: Main menu = $\int \vec{P} \cdot \vec{I} (LP1)$; Submenu = $\int \vec{P} \cdot \vec{I} \cdot (1.PID)$

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Yokogawa Electric Corporation

This manual describes the functions of parameters briefly. In addition, each parameter table has a "User Setting" column, where you can record your setpoints when setting them in the controller.

* Parameters relating to PV or setpoints should all be set in real numbers	s.
For example, use temperature values to define target setpoints and	
alarm setpoints for temperature input.	

- Operating Parameters
- Operation Mode Parameters

Located in: Main menu =

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
nad (MOD)	Remote/Local switching	Set to "Local" when carrying out control using the target setpoints of the controller or to "Remote" when using target setpoints acquired via a remote input signal or communication. Use the setup parameter RMS, "Remote Input Selection," to determine whether the target setpoints should be acquired via the remote input signal or communication. REM: Remote mode LCL: Local mode	LCL		_
man (MOD)	Run/Stop switching	Outputs the predetermined (preset) fixed value when the controller stops. A preset output value can be defined for each target setpoint using the operating parameter "PO". Stop: Stops operation. Run: Starts operation.	RUN		_
5Pn (SPN)	Target setpoint number selection	1: Selects target setpoint-1 (1.SP). 2: Selects target setpoint-2 (2.SP). 3: Selects target setpoint-3 (3.SP). 4: Selects target setpoint-4 (4.SP). Likewise, options 5 to 8 select target setpoints 5 (5.SP) to 8 (8.SP).	1		-
Pnp (P.NO)	PID number selection	Displayed when the setup parameter "ZON"=3. Setting range: Depends on the setup parameter "GRP". This parameter cannot be set when the PID number is selected by DI. Displays PID number only.	1		_

Operation-related Parameters

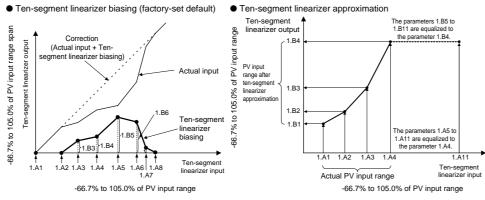
Located in: Main menu = $2 \overrightarrow{P} (LP1)$; Submenu = $\overrightarrow{P} \overrightarrow{P} (PAR)$

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
AL (AT)	Auto-tuning	OFF: No auto-tuning 1: Auto-tuning for 1.SP 2: Auto-tuning for 2.SP 3: Auto-tuning for 3.SP 4: Auto-tuning for 4.SP 5 to 8: Perform auto-tuning on a group basis in the same way as 1 to 9: Performs auto-tuning to all groups 1 to 8.	OFF 4		-
5 _(SC)	"SUPER" function	 OFF: Disable 1: Overshoot suppressing function Suppresses overshoots generated by abrupt changes in the target setpoint or by disturbances. 2: Hunting suppressing function (Stable mode) Suitable to stabilize the state of control when the load varies greatly, or the target setpoint is changed. Enables to answer the wider characteristic changes compared with Response mode. 3: Hunting suppressing function (Response mode) Enables quick follow-up and short converging time of PV for the changed target setpoint. Note: Use "SUPER" function (SC) 2 or 3 in PID control or PI control. "SUPER" function 2 or 3 is not available in the following controls: 1) ON/OFF control 2) P control (control for proportional band only) 3) PD control (control for proportional band and derivative item only) 4) Heating/cooling control 	OFF		Ref.2.1(5 Ref.2.1(6
65	PV input bias	1) Floating occurring sources of the second se	0.0% of PV input range		Ref.1.1(1)
FL	PV input filter	OFF, 1 to 120 second Used when the PV input value fluctuates.	oFF		Same as
	Setpoint ramp-up- rate	OFF 0.0% + 1 digit of PV input range span to 100.0% of PV input range sp Set ramp-up-rate or ramp-down-rate per hour or minute.	OFF		above Ref.4.1(4)
	Setpoint ramp- down-rate	Used to prevent the target setpoint from changing suddenly. The ramp setting function works when: 1. the target setpoint is changed (e.g., "1.SP" is changed from 100°C to 150°C); 2. the target setpoint number (SPN) is changed (e.g., the parameter is changed from 1.SP to 2.SP); 3. the power is turned on or has recovered from a failure; or 4. the operating mode is changed from Manual to Auto. 1.SP 2.SP=640°C 1.SP=500°C 1.SP=500°C 1.SP = 500°C 1.SP = 500°C 1.SP = 500°C			Same as above
P[H (PCH) P[L	High limit for PV color change	When PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 6 or 7 : When -100.0 to 100.0 % of PV input range PCH = When PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 8 or 9 : When	PCM = 6 or 7 : = 100.0%, : 0.0 % PCM = 8 or 9 :		- -
	PV color change Ratio setting	-100.0 to 100.0 % of PV input range span PCH a 0.001 to 9.999 Target setpoint = Remote input × Ratio setpoint + Remote bia	and PCL = 1.0 %		Ref.1.2(3
	Remote input bias	-100.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span Used to correct the remote input value.	0.0% of PV input range		Same as above
	Remote input filter	OFF, 1 to 120 second Used when the remote input value fluctuates.	span OFF		Same as above
	ON/OFF rate detection band	0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span	1.0% of PV input range span		Ref.3.3(4
	ON/OFF rate high limit	ORL + 1 digit to 105.0%	100.0 %		Same as above
orl (ORL)	ON/OFF rate low limit	-5.0% to ORH - 1 digit	0.0%		Same as above

1st Edition: Mar. 25, 2005	Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
	(1.SP)	Target setpoint-1	0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range However, between target setpoint limiter lower limit (SPL) and upper limit (SPH).	0.0% of PV input range		Ref.4.1(1)
ele has a "User Setting" column,	(1.A1)	Alarm-1 setpoint	PV alarm / SP alarm: -100.0 to 100.0% of PV input range Deviation alarm: -100.0 to 100.0% of PV input	PV high limit/SP high limit alarm: 100.0% of PV input range		Same as above
nould all be set in real numbers.	(1.A2)	Alarm-2 setpoint	range span Output alarm: -5.0 to 105.0% Timer alarm (for alarm-1 only):	Deviation alarm: 0.0% of PV input range span Other PV/SP low limit		Same as above
define target setpoints and	(1.A3)	Alarm-3 setpoint	0.00 to 99.59 (hour, min) or (min, sec) Allows alarms 1 to 4 (1.A1 to 1.A4) to be set for	alarm: 0.0% of PV input range Output high limit		Same as above
	(1.A4)	Alarm-4 setpoint	target setpoint 1 (1.SP). Four alarms can also be set for target setpoints 2 to 8.	alarm: 100.0% Output Low limit alarm: 0.0%		Same as above
	lP	Proportional band/Heating- side proportional band	0.1 to 999.9% of PV input range In heating/cooling control: 0.0 to 999.9%	5.0%		Same as above
	(1.P)	(in heating/cooling control) Integral time	(heating-side on/off control applies when 0.0) OFF, 1 to 6000 second	240 second		
al Value User Target Item Setting in CD-ROM	I.I (1.I)	Heating-side integral time (in heating/cooling control) Derivative time	OFF, 1 to 6000 second	60 second		Same as above
	(1.D)	Heating-side derivative time (in heating/cooling control)				Same as above
	(1.OH)	Output high limit Heating-side output high limit (in heating/cooling control)	-5.0 to 105.0% Heating-side limiter in heating/cooling control: 0.0 to 105.0% (1.0L < 1.0H)	100% Heating/cooling control: 100.0%		Dof 2 1(2)
		Output low limit Cooling-side output high limit (in heating/cooling	-5.0 to 105.0% Cooling-side limiter in heating/cooling control: 0.0 to 105.0% (1.OL < 1.OH)	0.0% Heating/cooling control: 100.0%		Ref.2.1(3) Ref.4.1(1)
JN	(1.02)	control)	SD (shutdown): Set in manual operation in 4-20 mA control output.			
-	(1.MR)	Manual reset	-5.0 to 105.0% (enabled when integral time "1.1" is OFF) The manual reset value equals the output value when PV = SP is true. For example, if the manual reset value is 50%, the output value is 50% when PV = SP becomes true.	50.0%		Ref.4.1(1)
_	!!!! (1.H)	ON/OFF control hysteresis Heating-side ON/OFF control hysteresis (in heating/cooling control)	In ON/OFF control: 0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span Position proportional PID control or heating/cooling control: 0.0 to 100.0% Hysteresis can be set in the target setpoint when the controller is performing ON/OFF control.	ON/OFF control: 0.5% of PV input range span Position proportional PID control and heating/cooling control: 0.5%		
Value User Target Item Setting in CD-ROM			Output Output On Off			Same as above
	(1.DR)	Direct/reverse action switching	RVS: reverse action, DIR: direct action Control output 100% Reverse action + 0% Deviation (PV-SP)	RVS		Ref.2.1(1) Ref.4.1(1)
Ref.2.1(5) Ref.2.1(6)		Cooling-side proportional band	0.0 to 999.9% of PV input range (Cooling-side ON/OFF control applies when 0.0)	5.0%		Ref.4.1(1)
		Cooling-side integral time	OFF, 1 to 6000 second	240 second		Same as above
		Cooling-side derivative time	OFF, 1 to 6000 second	60 second		Same as above
		Cooling-side ON/OFF control hysteresis	0.0 to 100.0%	0.5%		Same as above
PV nge Ref.1.1(1)		Dead band	In heating/cooling control: -100.0 to 50.0% In position proportional PID control: 1.0 to 10.0% • In heating/cooling control:	3.0%		
Same as above Ref.4.1(4)			When setting any positive, there is region whereof the heating- and cooling-side output is presented, when setting any negative value, there is a region where both of the heating- and cooling-side outputs are presented. When setting a value of zero, either the heating- and cooling-side output is provided. • In position proportional control:			Same as above
	(1.PO)	Preset output/Heating- side preset output (in heating/cooling control)	Set the range so none of the outputs turn on. -5.0 to 105.0% In heating/cooling control: Heating side -5.0 to 105.0% In Stop state, fixed control output can be generated.	0.0%		Ref.2.1(8)
		Cooling-side preset	-5.0 to 105.0%	0.0%		Ref.4.1(1)

• Ten-segment Linearizer1 Parameters

Located in: Main menu =



Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
(1.A1)	Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-1	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range		Ref.1.1(2)
(1.B1)	Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-1	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation		Same as above
(1.A2)	Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-2	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range		Same as above
(1.B2)	Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-2	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation		Same as above

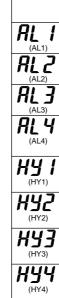
	 .A3)
	.B3)
(1	. A4)
(1	54
	.A5)
(1	.B5)
	1 .A6)
(1 1.1 (1	
(1	
(1	
(1	.A8)
(1	-8
	75
	.A9) .B9)
(1.	
	BA)
(1.	
	BA)

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-RON
rn5	Remote input selection	RSP: Uses the value set remotely via remote input (terminals). COM: Uses the value set remotely via communication.	RSP		Ref.1.2(1)
SPŁ	SP tracking selection	OFF, ON Tracking is performed when the mode changes from Remote to Local (The local setpoint keeps track of the remote setpoint.)	ON		Ref.1.2(4)
PHE	PV tracking selection	Causes the setpoint to keep track of the PV value so the setpoint automatically reverts to its original value at a preset rate of change. The Setpoint Ramp-up rate (UPR) and Setpoint Ramp-down rate (DNR) parameters are used in combination. - Operating conditions - 1: Manual operation → Automatic operation; 2: Stop → Start of automatic operation; 3: Power-on; 4: Change SP number; 5: Change SP value OFF: Disable ON: Enable	OFF		Ref.1.1(7)
	Ramp-rate time unit setting	Time unit of setpoint ramp-up rate (UPR) and setpoint ramp- down rate(DNR) HOUR: Denotes "per hour." MIN: Denotes "per minute."	HOUR		Ref.4.1(4)
5 <i>PH</i> (SPH)	Target setpoint limiter upper limit	0.0% to 100.0% of PV input range. Note that SPL < SPH Places limits on the ranges within which the target setpoints	100.0% of PV input range		_
SPL (SPL)	Target setpoint limiter lower limit	(1.SP to 8.SP) are changed.	0.0% of PV input range		-



Located in: Mai

Parameter Symbol P[____



Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-3	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-3	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-4	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-4	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-5	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-5	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-6	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-6	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-7	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-7	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-8	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-8	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-9	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-9	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-10	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-10	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 input-11	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range	0.0% of PV input range	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 output-11	-66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range span -66.7% to 105.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	0.0% of PV input range span 0.0% of PV input range when in ten-segment linearizer approximation	Same as above
Ten-segment linearizer 1 mode	0: Ten-segment linearizer biasing 1: Ten-segment linearizer approximation	0	Same as above

Setup Parameters

• Target Setpoint-related Parameters Located in: Main menu = $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (LOOP1); Submenu = $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ (SP)

Alarm-related Parameters

Main menu =		(ALM)		
Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
PV color mode	0 to 9 0: Fixed in green 1: Fixed in red 2: Link to alarm 1 (Alarm OFF:green, Alarm ON:red) 3: Link to alarm 1 (Alarm OFF:red, Alarm ON:green) 4: Link to alarm 1 and 2 (Alarm OFF:green, Alarm ON:red) 5: Link to alarm 1 and 2 (Alarm OV:red, Alarm OFF:green) 6: PV limit (Within PV range:green, Out of PV range:green) 7: PV limit (Within PV range:red, Out of PV range:green) 8: SP deviation (Within deviation:green, Out of deviation:green) 9: SP deviation (Within deviation:green, Out of deviation:green)	1		_
Alarm-1 type	OFF, 1 to 31, 33 to 38, 43 to 48 (same as below) Common to all target setpoints.	1		Ref.3.3(3) Ref.3.3(4)
Alarm-2 type	OFF, 1 to 20, 25 to 31, 33 to 38, 43 to 48 1: PV high limit (energized, no stand-by action) 2: PV low limit (energized, no stand-by action)	2		Ref.3.3(4)
Alarm-3 type	 Beviation high limit (energized, no stand-by action) Deviation low limit (energized, no stand-by action) Deviation high limit (de-energized, no stand-by action) 	1		Same as above
Alarm-4 type	6: Deviation low limit (de-energized, no stand-by action) For other alarm types, see " List of Alarm Types" in (Initial Settings User's Manual). Common to all target setpoints.	2		Same as above
Alarm-1 hysteresis	0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span Output alarm: 0.0 to 100.0% Allows margins to be set for an alarm setpoint.	0.5% of PV input range span Output		Ref.3.3(2)
Alarm-2 hysteresis	With the hysteresis settings, it is possible to prevent relays from chattering. Hysteresis for PV high limit alarm	alarm: 0.5%		Same as above
Alarm-3 hysteresis	Output On Output			Same as above
Alarm-4 hysteresis	Off Hysteresis			Same as above

	Alarm-1 delay timer	0.00 to 99.59 (min, sec.) (enabled when alarm-1 type "AL1" is 1 to 20 or 28 to 31) An alarm is output when the delay timer expires after the alarm setpoint is reached.	0.00	_
d<u></u><u></u> (DY2)	Alarm-2 delay timer	0.00 to 99.59 (min, sec.) (enabled when alarm-2 type "AL2" is 1 to 20 or 28 to 31)		_
dy3	Alarm-3 delay timer	0.00 to 99.59 (min, sec.) (enabled when alarm-3 type "AL3" is 1 to 20 or 28 to 31)		_
	Alarm-4 delay timer	0.00 to 99.59 (min, sec.) (enabled when alarm-4 type "AL4" is 1 to 20 or 28 to 31)		_
Rnd (AMD)	Alarm mode	Allows the alarm function to be enabled or disabled according to the operating condition. 0: Always active 1: Not active when in Stop mode 2: Not active when in Stop mode or manual operation 3: Eight alarms are used and always enabled. 4: Eight alarms are used and disabled when the controller is at a stop. 5: Eight alarms are used and disabled when the controller is at a stop or in manual operation.	0	Ref.3.3(1)

Control Action-related Parameters

Located in: Main menu = $\int \mathbf{D} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{P} \mathbf{I}$ (LOOP1) ; Submenu = $\int \mathbf{E} \mathbf{L}$ (CTL)

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item
	Output velocity limiter	OFF (0) 0.1 to 100.0%/second can limit control output velocity	OFF		_
nod	PID control mode	0: Standard PID control (with output bump at SP change) 1: Fixed -point control (without output bump at SP change) Choose "Fixed-point Control" when controlling pressure or flow rate.	0		Ref.2.1(2)
	Anti-reset windup (Excess integration prevention)	AUTO (0), 50.0 to 200.0% The larger Setting, the sconer PID computation (integral computation) stops. Used when the control output travels up to 100% or down to 0% and stays at this point.	AUTO		Ref.2.1(4)
	Zone PID selection	0: SP selection 1: Zone PID (selects by PV) 2: Zone PID (selects by target setpoint) 3: Selects by specified PID number. (operating parameter P.NO) If set to "SP selection," allows PID constants to be selected for each target setpoint. If set to "Zone PID," automatically selects PID constants according to the temperature range set in the given Reference Point parameter.	0		Ref.4.1(2)
(R.MD)	Restart mode	CONT: Continues action set before power failure. MAN: Starts from manual operation status AUTO: Continues action set before power failure in automatic operation. Allows you to determine how the controller should recover from a power failure of longer than 2 second	CONT		_
r.E.n _(R.TM)	Restart timer	0 to 10 second Sets time between power on and the instant where controller starts computation.	0 second		_
GRP)	PID group number	Allows you to determine how many groups of setpoint, alarm and PID parameters the controller should show. 1: Show one set. 2: Show two sets. 3: Show three sets. 4: Show four sets. 5 to 8: Show as many groups of parameters as have been set.	8		Ref.4.1(1)
(1.RP)	Zone PID reference point-1	0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range. Note that $1.RP \leq 2.RP \leq 3.RP \leq 4.RP \leq 5.RP \leq 6.RP$. Sets reference points at which switching is carried out between groups	100.0% of PV input range		Ref.4.1(2)
2, P	Zone PID reference point-2	of PID constants according to the given temperature zone. You can set a maximum of six reference points and therefore a maximum of seven temperature zones. To enable this parameter, set the Zone PID			Same as above
<u>3</u>, P	Zone PID reference point-3	Selection (ZON) parameter to "1" or "2". The example below sets reference points 1 and 2 to provide 3 zones to switch PID constants automatically. (ex. ZON=1)			Same as above
4, P	Zone PID reference point-4	Maximum value of PV input range RH1 Setpoint Zone 3 The controller is operated with			Same as above
5, P (5.RP)	Zone PID reference point-5	Reference point 2 2.RP Reference point 2 The controller is operated with the 2rd group of PID constants.			Same as above
6. RP)	Zone PID reference point-6	1.RP Minimum value of PV input value RL1 The controller is operated with the 1st group of PID constants. Time			Same as above
г НУ	Zone switching hysteresis	0.0 to10.0% of PV input range span Allows hysteresis to be set for switching at a reference point.	0.5% of PV input range span		Same as above
(RDV)	Reference deviation	Used to select a group of PID parameters according to a deviation from the given target setpoint. The controller uses the PID parameters of the number selected in PID group number (GRP) if the PV input falls outside the given deviation range. The following example shows a case when only the reference deviation is set without setting any reference point. The selected set of PID parameters is as follows. Since region 1 is within the deviation range, the controller uses the 1st group of PID parameters. Since region 2 is outside the deviation range, the controller uses the PID parameters of the number selected in PID group number (GRP). Maximum value of PV input range Reference deviation (RDV) Reference deviation (RDV) Reference deviation (RDV) Reference deviation (RDV) Maximum value of PV input range OFF: Disable 0.0% to 100.0% of PV input range span	OFF		Same as above
(M.MD)	Manual preset output selection	Select the initial value of output in manual operation when switching from automatic operation to manual operation. 0: Automatic operation output at switching (bumpless) 1: Manual preset output (MPO)	0		Ref.2.1(8)
пр _о	Manual preset output	-5.0 to105.0% However, output is limited to the output high limit (OH) and low limit (OL) in manual operation.	0.0% Heating/ cooling: 50.0%		Same as above

• Analog Input Computation Parameters Located in: Main menu = $\prod_{i=1}^{n} \prod_{i=1}^{n} \prod_{i=1}^{n} (CMLP)$; Submenu = $\prod_{i=1}^{n} \prod_{i=1}^{n} (AIN)$

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
65 (BS1)	Analog input-1 bias	Used to correct the PV input value beforehand. When in normal operation, use the PV Input Bias (BS) operating parameter. -100.0% to 100.0% of PV input range span	0.0% of PV input range span		Ref.1.1(6)
F (FL1)	Analog input-1 filter	OFF: Disable 1 to 120 second	OFF		Same as above
5 , 1 (SR1)	Analog input-1 square-root computation	Performs square-root computation for the PV input value. OFF: Do not compute the square root ON: Compute the square root	OFF		Ref.1.1(3)
	Analog input-1 low signal cutoff	0.0% to 5.0% The slope equals "1" at levels below the low-signal cutoff point.	1.0%		Same as above
653	Analog input-3 bias	Used to correct the remote input value. -100. 0% to 100.0% of PV input range span	0.0% of PV input range span		Ref.1.1(6)
F []] (FL3)	Analog input-3 filter	OFF: Disable 1 to 120 second	OFF		Same as above
5 , 3 (SR3)	Analog input-3 square-root computation	Performs square-root computation for the remote input value. OFF: Do not compute the square root ON: Compute the square root	OFF		Ref.1.1(3) Ref.1.2(2)
	Analog input-3 low signal cutoff	0.0% to 5.0% The slope equals "1" at levels below the low-signal cutoff point.	1.0%		Same as above

• Retransmission Output Parameters

Located in: Main menu = $\int \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (CMLP)$; Submenu = $\int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (RET)$

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
r <u>F</u> (RT1)	Retransmission output-1 type	Retransmission output-1 / -2 type OFF: Disable 1: PV1, 2: SP1, 3: OUT1, 4: LPS loop power supply (15 V), 5: PV2, 6: SP2, 7: OUT2, 8: TSP1, 9: HOUT1, 10: COUT1, 11: OUT1, 12: TSP2, 13: HOUT2, 14: COUT2, 15: OUT2, 16: Al1, 17: Al3 *Setpoints "5" to "7", and "12" to "15" are not available for single-loop control. *Retransmission output 1 is always provided via terminals 14 and 15. *Retransmission output 2 is available only when "relay" is selected as the type of control output. Retransmission output 2 is provided via terminals 16 and 17. *2" and "6": Current setpoint is transmitted.	1		Ref.2.2(1) Ref.2.2(3)
	Maximum value of retransmission output-1 scale	 "9": Heating-side output in other than cascade heating/cooling control is transmitted. "10": Cooling-side output in other than cascade heating/cooling control is transmitted. "13": Heating-side output in cascade heating/cooling 	100.0% of PV input range		Ref.2.2(1)
<u><u></u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u><u></u>	Minimum value of retransmission output-1 scale	control is transmitted. •"14": Cooling-side output in cascade heating/cooling control is transmitted. •In heating/cooling control, an output value before allocation	0.0% of PV input range		Same as above
г<u></u> с с с с с с с с с с с с с с с с с с с	Retransmission output-2 type	to heating/cooling control is transmitted if "3" is selected. (0% to 50% cooling-side output: 50% to 100%; Heating-side output) In position proportional control, a valve opening signal (0% to 100%) is transmitted if "3" is selected. In position proportional control, output internally computed is transmitted if setpoint "11" or "15" is selected. ("11" for other than cascade control," 15" for cascade control) "16": PV input value before the computation such as bias, fitter, etc. is transmitted. Within the range of setup parameter RL1 to RH1 *17": Remote setting input value before the computation such as remote bias, remote filter, etc. is transmitted. Within the range of setup parameter RL3 to RH3			Ref.2.2(1) Ref.2.2(3)
		Maximum value of retransmission output-1 / -2 scale			
F45	Maximum value	RT1=1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 12, 16, 17: TL1 + 1 digit to 30000 (TH1-TL1≦30000, decimal point position is P.D1*) *Decimal point position is P.D2 for retransmission type "5", "6", "12", DP1 for "16" and DP3 for "17".			
(TH2)	of retransmission output-2 scale	Minimum value of retransmission output-1 / -2 scale	—		Ref.2.2(1
	Minimum value of retransmission output-2 scale	RT1=1, 2, 5, 6, 8, 12, 16, 17: -19999 to TH1 - 1 digit (TH1-TL1≦30000, decimal point position is P.D1*) *Decimal point position is P.D2 for retransmission type "5", "6", "12", DP1 for "16" and DP3 for "17".	_		Same as above

• Deviation Monitor Parameters

Located in: Main menu = $\int \vec{n} \vec{l} \vec{P}$ (CMLP); Submenu = $\vec{l} \vec{r} \vec{n} \vec{d}$ (TRND)

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
	Deviation display band	0.0 to 100.0% of PV input range span Permits a change in the span of deviation shown on the front-panel deviation monitor.	1.0% of PV input range span		Ref.6.1(3)

• Security-related Parameters

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
	Front panel data setting (\triangle, ∇) key lock	OFF: Unlock ON: Lock	OFF		Ref.7.1(2)
	Front panel A/M key lock	OFF: Unlock ON: Lock	OFF		Same as above
	Operating parameter main menu [MODE] lock	OFF: Unlock ON: Lock	OFF		Same as above
	Operating parameter main menu [LP1] lock	OFF: Unlock ON: Lock	OFF		Same as above
	Although not used in sin	gle-loop control, it is shown on the display.		1	1
	Operating parameter main menu [PID] lock	OFF: Unlock ON: Lock	OFF		Same as above
	Although not used in sin	gle-loop control, it is shown on the display.			1
<u>04 </u>	Operating parameter main menu [PYS1] lock	OFF: Unlock ON: Lock	OFF		Same as above
(PY1)		gle-loop control, it is shown on the display.			•
	Although not used in sin				

• SELECT Display Parameters

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
(C.S1)	SELECT display-1 registration	OFF, 201 to 1039 Select the desired parameter from among the operating and setup parameters, then register the number	OFF		Ref.6.1(1)
52 (C.S2)	SELECT display-2 registration	(D register No.) accompanying that parameter. For example, registering "302" for C.S1 allows you to change alarm-1 setpoint in operating display. Numbers for registering alarm SP parameter			Same as above
[.53 (C.S3)	SELECT display-3 registration	for operating display: Alarm-1 setpoint: 302 Alarm-2 setpoint: 303			Same as above
54 (C.S4)	SELECT display-4 registration	Alarm-3 setpoint: 304 Alarm-4 setpoint: 305 Above numbers are alarm setpoint parameters for target setpoint-1 (1.SP).			Same as above
C.55 (C.S5)	SELECT display-5 registration	Set the registration number of the alarm setpoint parameter for target setpoint 2 (2.SP), to a value obtained by adding 25 to the registration number of the alarm setpoint parameter for the parameter 1.SP. Likewise, set the registration number of the alarm setpoint parameter for target setpoint 3 (3.SP), to a value obtained by adding 25 to the registration number of the alarm setpoint parameter for the parameter 2.SP.			Same as above

• Contact Output Registration Parameters

Located in: Main menu = $\int \mathbf{D} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{F}$ (CONF); Submenu = $\mathbf{D} \mathbf{D}$ (DO)

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
	Relay output flag registration for DO1	The following setpoints are registration numbers for single-loop control only. 5689: Alarm-1 output 0: No function	5689		Ref.3.2(1)
	Relay output flag registration for DO2	5690: Alarm-2 output 5691: Alarm-3 output 5693: Alarm-4 output 1609: FAIL output	5690		Same as above

	Relay output flag registration for DO3	The following setpoints are registration numbers for single-loop control only. 5689: Alarm-1 output 0: No function	5691	Same as above
	Open-collector transistor output flag registration for DO4	5690: Alarm-2 output 5691: Alarm-3 output 5693: Alarm-4 output	5693	Ref.3.2(1)
d<u>a</u>5 (DO5)	Open-collector transistor output flag registration for DO5	1609: FAIL output	0	Same as above
	Open-collector transistor output flag registration for DO6		0	Same as above
	Open-collector transistor output flag registration for DO7		1609	Same as above

• Contact Input Registration Parameters

Located in: Main menu = $\int \rho r F$ (CONF) ; Submenu = ρH (DI)

					· · · ·
Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
A/M)	Auto/Manual switching <status switching=""></status>	These parameters determine which contact input to use to make selections/switches listed on the left. DI1: 5161 No function: 0	5161		Ref.3.1(3)
(R/L)	Remote/Local switching <status switching=""></status>	DI2: 5162 DI3: 5163 DI4: 5164	5168		Same as above
(S/R)	Run/Stop switching <status switching=""></status>	DI5: 5165 DI6: 5166 DI7: 5167	5162		Same as above
	Switch to Cascade mode (in cascade control) <rising edge="" switching=""></rising>	DI8: 5168 The contact inputs are factory-set as shown below. Contact input 1 (DI1): Auto (ON)/Manual (OFF) switching Contact input 2 (DI2): Run (OFF)/Stop (ON) switching	0		Same as above
AUT)	Switch to Auto mode (in cascade control) <rising edge="" switching=""></rising>	Contact inputs 3 to 6 (DI3 to DI6): SP selection (see table below Contact inputs 8 (DI8): Remote (ON)/Local (OFF) switching			Same as above
	Switch to Manual mode (in cascade control) <rising edge="" switching=""></rising>	SP Selection: 1.SP 2.SP 3.SP 4.SP 5.SP 6.SP 7.SP 8.SP	0		Same as above
57.0 (SP.0)	Bit-0 of SP number setting <status switching=""></status>	DI3 ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF ON OFF DI4 OFF ON ON OFF OFF ON OFF DI5 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF DI5 OFF OFF OFF ON ON ON OFF	5163		Same as above
(SP.1)	Bit-1 of SP number setting <status switching=""></status>	DI6 OFF OFF OFF OFF OFF ON If all of the SP parameters of a contact input are set to Input are set t	5164		Same as above
57.2 (SP.2)	Bit-2 of SP number setting <status switching=""></status>	"OFF", the controller uses the immediately preceding SP.	5165		Same as above
57.3 (SP.3)	Bit-3 of SP number setting <status switching=""></status>		5166		Same as above
Pn.0	Bit-0 of PID number selection <status switching=""></status>	Note : For Remote / Local switching or Auto / Manual switching, do not use the status switching and the rising edge switchcing at the same time.	0		Same as above
Pn. 1	Bit-1of PID number selection <status switching=""></status>	PID number selection can be used by DI when the setup parameter "ZON"=3.	0		Same as above
Pn.2	Bit-2 of PID number selection <status switching=""></status>		0		Same as above
Pn.3	Bit-3 of PID number selection <status switching=""></status>		0		Same as above
rEn (REM)	Switch to Remote mode <rising edge="" switching=""></rising>		0		Same as above
	Switch to Local mode <rising edge="" switching=""></rising>		0		Same as above

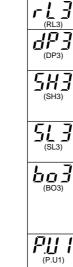
• UT Mode Parameters

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
	Controller mode (UT mode)	1: Single-loop control For another controller mode, see the User's Manual (Reference) (CD-ROM version).	1		_
SMP)	PV sampling period setting	50, 100, 200 and 500 ms The controller restarts if any change is made to the PV sampling period; this does not affect other parameter settings at all, however.	200 ms		Ref.1.1(4)
(SMC)	Sampling period error counter (reading only)	0 to 30000	Shows 0 at power-on.		Ref.1.1(5)

Input-related Parameters

-: No unit

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-RON
(IN1)	PV input type (INPUT 1 terminals) Terminals ①, ② and ③	Specify the type of PV input as a range code. OFF, 1 to 18, 30, 31, 35 to 37, 40, 41, 50, 51, 55, 56 See "Instrument Input Range Codes" in the Initial Settings User's Manual.	OFF		-
	PV input unit	Select the unit of PV input. %: Percent °F: Fahrenheit °C: Degree Celsius -: No unit	Depends on the PV input type.		_
(RH1)	Max. value of PV input range	Set the PV input range. - For temperature input - Set the range of temperature that is actually controlled. (RL1 < RH1)	Depends on the PV input type.		_
(RL1)	Min. value of PV input range	(LCL SMIT) - For voltage input - Set the range of a voltage signal that is applied. The scale across which the voltage signal is actually controlled should be set using the parameters Maximum Value of PV Input Scale (SH1) and Minimum Value of PV Input Scale (SL1). (PV input is always 0% when RL1=RH1.)			-
	PV input decimal point position (shown when in voltage-input mode)	Set the position of the decimal point of voltage-mode PV input. 0 to 4 0: No decimal place, 1: One decimal place 2 to 4: Two, three, or four decimal places	Depends on the PV input type.		_
(SH1)	Max. value of PV input scale (shown when in voltage-input mode)	Set the read-out scale of voltage-mode PV input. -19999 to 30000, where SL1 < SH1, SH1 - SL1 ≦ 30000	Depends on the PV input type.		_
5 , 1 (SL1)	Min. value of PV input scale (shown when in voltage-input mode)				_
60 1)	Selection of PV input burnout action	Allows the PV input value to be determined as shown below in case of PV input burnout. • 105% of PV input range if set to "Upscale" • -5.0% of PV input range if set to "Downscale" OFF: Disable UP: Upscale DOWN: Downscale	Depends on the PV input type.		_
	Presence/absence of PV input reference junction compensation	Allows input compensation to be applied to thermocouple input. OFF: Absent ON: Present	ON		_
Erd	External RJC setpoint	-50.0 to 50.0°C -58.0 to 122.0°F For thermocouple input, temperature compensation value outside the controller can be set. Available only when RJC=OFF.	0.0°C 32.0°F		-
	Remote input type (INPUT 3 terminals) Terminals (2) and (2)	Specify the type of remote input as a range code. 40, 41, 50, 51 See "Instrument Input Range Codes" in the <i>Initial Settings</i> User's Manual.	41		Ref1.2.(1)
	Remote input unit	Select the unit of remote input. %: Percent °F: Fahrenheit °C: Degree Celsius	%		Same as above



rH]

Pd I



Parameter Symbol ot l

[[]

Ro I RoZ Ro3 R IH R IL R5X **A2L** (A2L)

АЗН

 V-mode Output [3] Set the Analog Output-1 100% Segmental Point (A1H) parameter to "100%"

The figure on the right shows an example where both analog outputs-1 and 3 are set to the current signal of 4 to 20 mA DC. The type of output signal can be determined separately for each of the analog outputs listed above, using the following three parameters. Analog output-1: Analog output-1 type (AO1) Analog output-2: Analog output-2 type (AO2) Analog output-3: Analog output-3 type (AO3)

Maximum value of remote input	Set the range of a voltage signal. (Remote input is always 0% when RL3 = RH3.)	5.000	Ref.1.2(1)
range Minimum value of remote input range		1.000	Same as above
Remote input decimal point position	Set the position of the decimal point for remote input. 0 to 4 0: No decimal place, 1: One decimal place 2 to 4: Two, three, or four decimal places	Same as the position of the PV input's decimal point	Same as above
Max. value of remote input scale	Set the remote input read-out scale. -19999 to 30000, where SL3 < SH3, SH3 - SL3 \leq 30000 Under normal operation, set the values of these parameters as shown below. - When PV input is temperature -	Maximum value of PV input scale	Same as above
Min. value of remote input scale	Maximum and minimum values of PV input range - When PV input is voltage - Maximum and minimum values of PV input scale	Minimum value of PV input scale	Same as above
Remote input burnout action selection	Allows the remote input value to be determined as shown below in case of remote input burnout. • 105% of remote input scale if set to "Upscale" • -5.0% of remote input scale if set to "Downscale" OFF: Disable UP: Upscale DOWN: Downscale	OFF	_
PV unit	Set the unit of PV. %: Percent °F: Fahrenheit °C: Degree Celsius -: No unit	Same as the unit of PV input	Ref.1.1(8)
PV decimal point position	Under normal operation, set the same value as in the PV Input Decimal Point Position (DP1) parameter. To shift the decimal point for temperature input, use this parameter. For example, set as "P.D1 = 0" to change a temperature reading of one decimal place to that of no decimal places. This involves reconfiguring the P.H1 and P.L1 parameters. 0 to 4	-	same as above
Maximum value of PV range	Under normal operation, keep the values of these parameters between the maximum and minimum values of the PV input range. -19999 to 30000	Maximum value of PV input range or scale	same as above
Minimum value of PV range	P.L1 < P.H1, where P.H1-P.L1 ≤ 30000	Minimum value of PV input range or scale	same as above

Output-related Parameters

Located in: Main menu = $\prod_{i=1}^{n} \prod_{j=1}^{n} \prod_{i=1}^{n} (UTMD)$; Submenu = $\prod_{i=1}^{n} \prod_{j=1}^{n} (OUT)$

Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM
Control output type	0 Time proportional PID relay contact output (terminals ① - ② - ③) 1 Time proportional PID voltage pulse output (terminals ⑥ - ⑦) 2 Current output (terminals ⑥ - ⑦) 3 ON/OFF control relay contact output (terminals ① - ② - ③)	0 Heating/ cooling type : 4		
	The following 4 to 12 are displayed only for heating/ cooling type controllers.			
	4 Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side relay output (terminals ֎ - ֎) - ④)	1		
	5 Heating-side pulse output (terminals (ⓑ - ⑦), cooling-side relay output (terminals (⑲ - ⑨) 6 Heating-side current output (terminals (⑲ - ⑦), cooling-side			
	 relating-side current output (terminats @-@), cooling-side relay output (terminals @-@)-@) Heating-side relay output (terminals ①-②-③), cooling-side 	-		-
	pulse output (terminals @ - @) 8 Heating-side pulse output (terminals @ - @), cooling-side pulse			
	output (terminals () - ()) 9 Heating-side current output (terminals () - (), cooling-side pulse output (terminals () - ()			
	10 Heating-side relay output (terminals ① - ② - ③), cooling-side current output (terminals ⑨ - ④)			
	11 Heating-side pulse output (terminals (b) - (7)), cooling-side current output (terminals (b) - (7))			
Control output cycle	Heating-side current output (terminals ⓑ - ⑦), cooling-side current output (terminals ⓑ - ⑦) to 1000 second	30 second		
time Heating-side control output cycle time in heating/cooling control	On Off Cycle time Cycle time			D. (O O(I)
	Relay's Behavior when Cycle Time = 10 sec. For 20% of Control Output For 50% of Control Output 10 sec. 0n-state duration: 2 sec. Off-state duration: 8 sec. Off-state duration: 8 sec. Off-state duration: 2 sec. Off-state duration: 2 sec.			Ref.3.3(4
Cooling-side control output cycle time	1 to 1000 second	30 second		Ref.3.3(4)
Analog output-1 type (OUTPUT 1: Terminals (6) and (7)	Allows control output or retransmission output to be presented as one of the following current signals. 0: 4 to 20 mA	0		Ref.2.1(7)
Analog output-2 type (OUTPUT 2: Terminals (6) and (7)	1: 0 to 20 mA 2: 20 to 4 mA 3: 20 to 0 mA	0		same as above
Analog output-3 type (OUTPUT 3: Terminals (4) and (5)		0		same as above
Analog output-1 100% segmental point	Set the values of segmental points for the 0% and 100% output levels at which the values are presented via OUTPUT-1 (terminals () and ()). See " Performing Split Computations" below.	100.0 %		same as above
Analog output-1 0% segmental point	-100.0% to 200.0%	0.0 %		same as above
Analog output-2 100% segmental point	Set the values of segmental points for the 0% and 100% output levels at which the values are presented via OUTPUT-2 (terminals @ and @). See "■ Performing Split Computations" below.	100.0 %		same as above
Analog output-2 0% segmental point	-100.0% to 200.0%	0.0 %		same as above
Analog output-3 100% segmental point	Set the values of segmental points for the 0% and 100% output levels at which the values are presented via OUTPUT-3 (terminals ()) and ()). See " Performing Split Computations" below.	100.0 %		same as above
Analog output-3 0% segmental point	-100.0% to 200.0%	0.0 %		same as above

Performing Split Computations

The following explains an example of letting "Analog OUTPUT-1 (terminals (6) and (7))" and "Analog OUTPUT-3 (terminals (4) and (5))" present the V-mode characteristics of split comput [1] Set the Control Output Type (OT1) parameter to "2".

This sets the control output to "current output." [2] Set the Retransmission Output 1 (RT1) parameter to "3".

This sets the retransmission output to "control output retrans

[4] Set the Analog Output-1 0% Segmental Point (A1L) parameter to "25%". [5] Set the Analog Output-3 100% Segmental Point (A3H) parameter to "0%". [6] Set the Analog Output-3 0% Segmental Point (A3L) parameter to "75%".

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• Communication Parameters

Located in: Main menu = $\prod_{n=1}^{n} \prod_{n=1}^{n} \prod_{n=1}^{n} (UTMD)$; Submenu = $\prod_{n=1}^{n} \prod_{n=1}^{n} \prod_{n=1}^{n} (R485)$

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Iten in CD-ROM
PSL (PSL)	Protocol selection	0: PC link communication 1: PC link communication (with sum check) 2: Ladder communication 3: Coordinated master station 4: Coordinated slave station 7: MODBUS (ASCII) 8: MODBUS (RTU) 10: Coordinated slave station (loop-1 mode) 11: Coordinated slave station (loop-2 mode) (10, 11: When the master station is in dual-loop control, the slave station selects either of the loops	0		
bps (BPS)	Baud rate	to be controlled.) 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600 (bps)	9600		
	Parity	NONE: None EVEN: Even ODD: Odd	EVEN		Communication functions
SEP (STP)	Stop bit	1, 2	1		
	Data length	7, 8 7 is fixed for MODBUS (ASCII) 8 is fixed for MODBUS (RTU), Ladder	8		
	Address	1 to 99 However, the maximum number of stations connectable is 31.	1		
RP.T)	Minimum response time	0 to 10 (× 10 ms)	0		1

• Motor-driven Value Calibration-related Parameters (Displayed for Position Proportional Controllers)

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Iten in CD-ROM
U.AT)	Valve auto tuning	Automatically adjusts the fully-closed and fully-opened positions of a valve. When this function is used, there is no need for adjustment using the parameters V.RS, V.L and V.H. OFF: - ON: Start automatic adjustment	OFF		_
U.RS)	Valve position setting reset	The parameters V.RS, V.L and V.H are designed for manual adjustment of valve positions. Setting V.RS to 1 resets the valve adjustment settings and causes the indication "V.RS" to blink.	0		_
HL (V.L)	Fully-closed valve position setting	Pressing the SET/ENT key with valve position set to the fully-closed position causes the adjusted value to be stored.	Undefined		_
HH (V.H)	Fully-opened valve position setting	Pressing the SET/ENT key with valve position set to the fully-opened position causes the adjusted value to be stored. When V.H. adjustment is complete, V.H. stops blinking.	Undefined		_
Er.E (TR.T)	Valve traveling time	5 to 300 sec Used to operate a valve according to the estimated valve position. Set the time required for the valve to open fully from a state of being fully closed. Confirm the valve traveling time by consulting the datasheet of the valve's specifications. The valve traveling time is only effective when Valve Adjustment Mode (V.MD) is set to 1 or 2.	60 sec.		_
Hind (V.MD)	Valve adjusting mode	0: Valve position feedback type 1: Valve position feedback type (moves to the estimating type if a valve input error or burnout occurs.) 2: Valve position estimating type	0		_

• Parameter-initializing Parameters

Located in: Main menu = $\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$ (UTMD); Submenu = $\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$ $\frac{1}{10}$ (INIT)

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range and Description	Initial Value	User Setting	Target Item in CD-ROM			
	Parameter initialization	OFF: - ON: Initialize parameters	OFF		_			

■ Tips about Heating/Cooling Control (for heating/cooling controllers only)

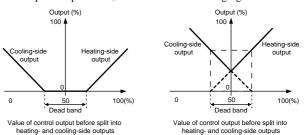
In heating/cooling control, the controller outputs the result of computation after splitting it into heating-purpose and coolingpurpose signals. In addition, the controller can perform PID control or ON/OFF control on the heating and cooling sides

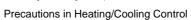
separately. When performing ON/OFF control, set the proportional band to "0". The controller splits the result of computation (0 to 100%) into heating-side and cooling-side signals, as described below.

•0% to 50% of the computation result is presented as a 0% to 100% coolingside output.

• 50% to 100% of the computation result is presented as a 0% to 100% heatingside output.

Heating/cooling control provides two methods in which either none of the heating- and cooling-side outputs are presented or both of the heating- and coolingside outputs are presented, as shown in the following figures.





• Keep the ratio of the heating-side proportional band (P) to the cooling-side proportional band (Pc) equal to or below 5. • If neither the heating-side nor the cooling-side is performing ON/OFF control, setting the integral time (I or Ic) of one side to "0" results in the Integral Time parameters of both sides being set to "OFF", irrespective of the integral time setting of the other side.

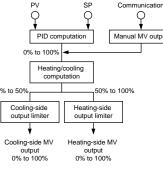
■ Tips about Position Proportional Control (for position proportional controllers only)

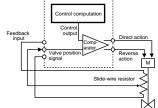
Position proportional control can be of either feedback type or estimating type. In feedback-type position proportional control, the controller obtains a valve position signal from a feedback slide-wire resistor attached to a valve.

In estimating-type position proportional control, you set the operating time required for a valve to change from the fully-closed position to the fully-open position beforehand. With the preset operating time, the controller controls the valve by estimating its position. In the case of estimating-type position proportional control, there is no need for feedback input wiring.

Feedback-type position proportional control is superior to the estimating type in terms of control performance. When in manual operation, you can directly manipulate the controller's output terminals. Pressing the 🖾 key sends the valve into opening motion while pressing the rightarrow key sends it into closing motion.

The figure on the right shows a schematic representation of a loop configured for position proportional control.





IM 05D01C04-05E (2)

User's Manual

Model UT551 **Digital Indicating Controller with Active Color PV Display User's Manual for Single-loop Control** Setting / Explanation of Active Color PV Dislay



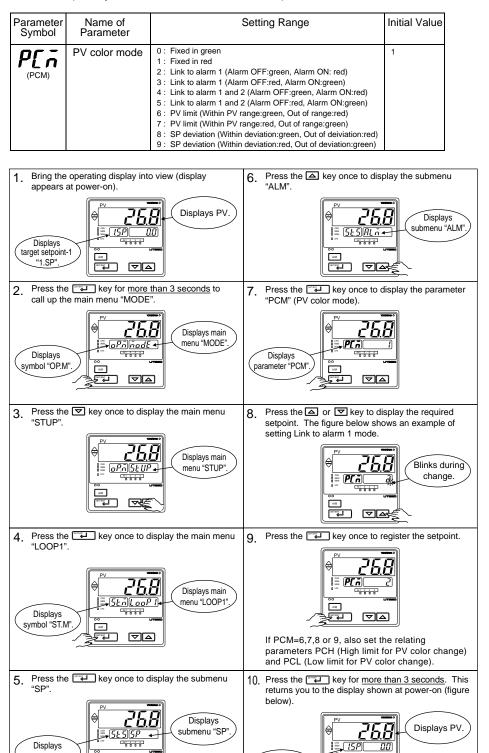
IM 05D01C04-06E

This manual describes the PV display color changing function "Active Color PV Display."

Carry out settings according to the following procedures after referring to "Functions of Active Color PV Display" on the back of this manual. Use Parameter Map User's Manual to understand the required parameters. If you cannot remember how to carry out an operation during setting, press the required parameters. If you cannot remember how to carry out an operation during setting, press the required parameters. (operating display) that appears at power-on.

Setting the PV Display Color Changing Function "Active" Color PV Display"

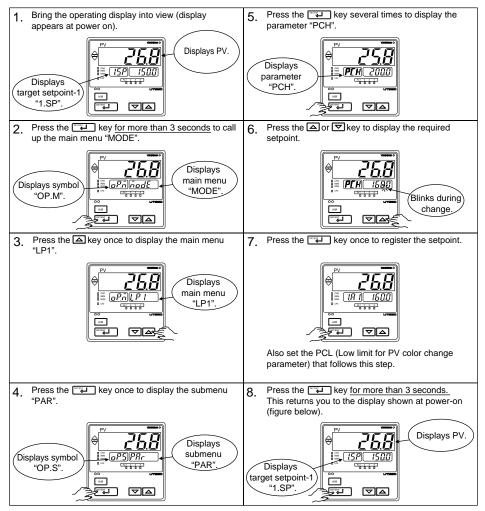
The following operating procedure describes an example of changing the PV color mode (factory-set default: "Fixed in red" mode) to "Link to alarm 1" mode.



Setting the High Limit and Low Limit for PV Color Change

The following operating procedure describes an example of changing the PV display color by PV limit(s). Set the High limit and/or Low limit for PV color change.

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range	Initial Value
P[H	High limit for PV color change	When PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 6 or 7: -100.0 to 100.0 % of PV input range.	When PCM = 6 or 7: PCH:100.0 %, PCL:0.0 %
	Low limit for PV color change	When PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 8 or 9: -100.0 to 100.0 % of PV input range span.	When PCM = 8 or 9: PCH and PCL:1.0 %





A1 2 2 4



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Functions of Active Color PV Display

This part describes the functions of "Active Color PV Display." PV display color is changed by the following four actions.

PV display color is selectable from red-to-green or green-to-red changing action, or fixed color.

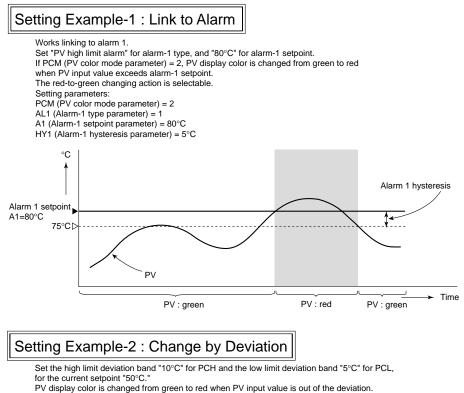
- Link to alarm 1 mode (when PCM = 2, 3) (Setting example-1)

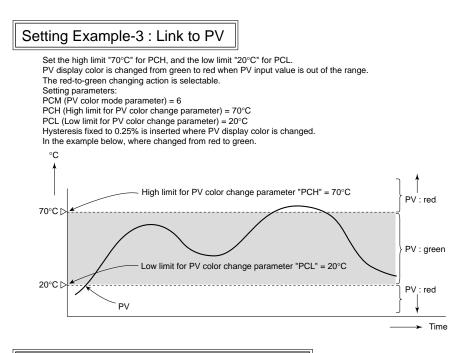
Link to alarm 1 and 2 mode (when PCM = 4, 5) is the same. When either of the alarms occurs, the display color is changed.

- SP deviaton mode (when PCM = 8, 9) (Setting example-2)

- PV limit mode (when PCM = 6, 7) (Setting example-3)

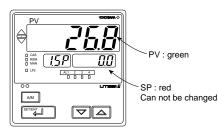
- Fixed color mode (when PCM = 0, 1) (Setting example-4)

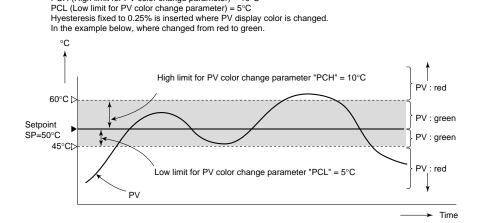




Setting Example-4 : Fixed in Red or Green

Fix the PV display color in green. Setting of Fixed in red mode is also possible. Setting parameter : PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 0





External RJC

The red-to-green changing action is selectable.

PCH (High limit for PV color change parameter) = 10° C

PCM (PV color mode parameter) = 8

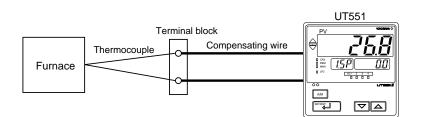
Setting parameters:

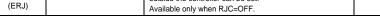
The external RJC is not a compensation function built in a controller but a compensation function working outside the controller.

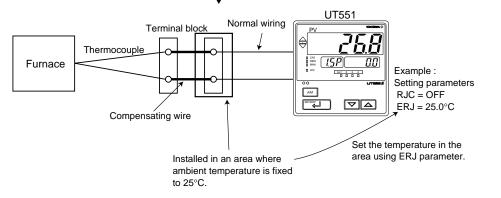
The external RJC is used when the input is thermocouple, and RJC=OFF.

Using external RJC makes the accuracy of RJC higher and shortens the compensating wire.

Parameter Symbol	Name of Parameter	Setting Range	Initial Value
	External RJC setpoint	-50.0 to 50.0°C, -58.0 to 122.0°F For thermocouple input, temperature compensation value outside the controller can be set. Available only when RJC=OFF.	0.0°C 32.0°F







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